HOUSE BILL No. 1240

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 5-22-1-2; IC 16-42; IC 27-1; IC 27-4-5-2; IC 27-7-3; IC 27-8; IC 27-13.

Synopsis: Various insurance matters. Makes various changes to the law concerning: (1) pharmacy actions with respect to prescriptions; (2) disclosures of insurer information; (3) insurer examinations; (4) annual audited financial reporting; (5) foreign and alien insurers requirements; (6) insurance producer licensing and continuing education; (7) records of insurer held securities; (8) insurance holding company transactions; (9) insurance administrator licensing; (10) an unauthorized insurers exception in relation to an industrial insured; (11) consistency in compliance with laws by various types of insurers and health maintenance organizations; (12) requirements for discretionary groups for purposes of accident and sickness insurance; and (13) small employer group insurance requirements. Makes conforming amendments. Repeals: (1) definitions of unused terms for purposes of the annual audited financial reporting law; (2) a provision concerning notice of claim recoding by insurance administrators; (3) an obsolete cross reference for purposes of the small employer group insurance law; and (4) the small employer group voluntary reinsurance program

Effective: July 1, 2010.

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January 11, 2010, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance.



Second Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2010)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2009 Regular and Special Sessions of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1240

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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1	SECTION 1. IC 5-22-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2007,
2	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 2. Except as provided in this article, this article
4	does not apply to the following:

- (1) The commission for higher education.
- (2) A state educational institution. However, IC 5-22-5-9 and IC 5-22-15 apply to a state educational institution.
- (3) Military officers and military and armory boards of the state.
- (4) An entity established by the general assembly as a body corporate and politic. However, IC 5-22-15 applies to a body corporate and politic.
- 12 (5) A local hospital authority under IC 5-1-4.
- 13 (6) A municipally owned utility under IC 8-1-11.1 or IC 8-1.5.
- 14 (7) Hospitals established and operated under IC 16-22-1 through
- 15 IC 16-22-5, IC 16-22-8, IC 16-23-1, or IC 16-24-1.
 - (8) A library board under IC 36-12-3-16(b).
- 17 (9) A local housing authority under IC 36-7-18.



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1	(10) Tax exempt Indiana nonprofit corporations leasing and
2	operating a city market owned by a political subdivision.
3	(11) A person paying for a purchase or lease with funds other than
4	public funds.
5	(12) A person that has entered into an agreement with a
6	governmental body under IC 5-23.
7	(13) A municipality for the operation of municipal facilities used
8	for the collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a
9	sanitary manner of liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and
10	industrial waste.
11	(14) The department of financial institutions established by
12	IC 28-11-1-1.
13	(15) The insurance commissioner in retaining an examiner for
14	purposes of IC 27-1-3.1-9.
15	SECTION 2. IC 16-42-19-11.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
16	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 11.5. Beginning January 1, 2011,
18	on the request of a patient who is blind (as defined in
19	IC 12-7-2-21(2)) or visually impaired (as defined in
20	IC 12-7-2-198(a)), a pharmacist shall dispense a prescription for a legend drug with a label that:
21 22	(1) complies with the requirements under section 11(a)(1) of
23	this chapter; and
24	(2) contains the label information on a:
25	(A) braille label that is affixed to the immediate container
26	in which the drug is delivered; or
27	(B) recorded audio device that is permanently attached to
28	the immediate container in which the drug is delivered.
29	SECTION 3. IC 16-42-22-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.204-2005,
30	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 8. (a) For substitution to occur for a prescription
32	other than a prescription filled under the Medicaid program (42 U.S.C.
33	1396 et seq.), the children's health insurance program established under
34	IC 12-17.6-2, or the Medicare program (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.):
35	(1) the practitioner must:
36	(A) sign on the line under which the words "May substitute"
37	appear; or
38	(B) for an electronically transmitted prescription,
39	electronically transmit the instruction "May substitute."; and
40	(2) the pharmacist must, before filling the prescription, inform
41	the customer of the substitution.
42	(b) This section does not authorize any substitution other than



substitution of a generically equivalent drug product.

SECTION 4. IC 27-1-3.1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 14. (a) Upon the adoption of an examination report under section 11(a)(1) of this chapter, the commissioner shall continue to hold the content of the examination report as confidential information for a period of thirty (30) days except to the extent provided in section 10(b) of this chapter. Thereafter, the report shall be open for public inspection.

- (b) This chapter does not prevent or prohibit the commissioner from disclosing the content of an examination report, preliminary examination report, or results, or any matter relating thereto, to **the National Association of Insurance Commissioners**, the insurance department of any other state or country, or to law enforcement officials of Indiana or any other state or agency of the federal government at any time, if the agency or office receiving the report or matters relating thereto agrees in writing to hold it confidential and in a manner consistent with this chapter.
- (c) If the commissioner determines that regulatory action is appropriate as a result of any examination, the commissioner may initiate any proceedings or actions authorized by law.
- (d) This chapter does not limit the commissioner's authority to use and, if appropriate, to make public any final or preliminary examination report, any examiner or company work papers or other documents, or any other information discovered or developed during the course of any examination in the furtherance of any legal or regulatory action that the commissioner may, in the commissioner's sole discretion, consider appropriate.

SECTION 5. IC 27-1-3.1-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 15. All working papers, recorded information, documents, and copies thereof produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination under this chapter (including trade secrets and information obtained from a federal agency, a foreign country, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or under another state law) are confidential for the purposes of IC 5-14-3-4, are not subject to subpoena, and may not be made public by the commissioner or any other person, except to the extent provided in section 14 of this chapter. However, access may also be granted to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. Those parties must agree in writing prior to receiving the information to provide to it the same confidential treatment as required by this section, unless the prior written consent of the company to which it pertains has been









obt	tained.
	SECTION 6. IC 27-1-3.5-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
CC	DDE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[E]	FFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 0.5. The commissioner may adopt
_	les under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.
	SECTION 7. IC 27-1-3.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FO	DLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 1. As used in this
cha	apter, "commissioner" refers to the insurance commissioner
apı	pointed under IC 27-1-1-2. "accountant" means an independent
cei	rtified public accountant or accounting firm that is:
	(1) in good standing with the American Institute of Certified
	Public Accountants and in all states in which the accountant
	is licensed to practice;
	(2) Canadian chartered if the insurer audited by the
	accountant is a Canadian insurer; or
	(3) British chartered if the insurer audited by the accountant
	is a British insurer.
	SECTION 8. IC 27-1-3.5-1.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
CC	DDE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[E]	FFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 1.2. As used in this chapter,
"a	ffiliate" means a person that, through one (1) or more
int	ermediaries:
	(1) controls;
	(2) is controlled by; or
	(3) is under common control with;
a s	pecified person.
	SECTION 9. IC 27-1-3.5-1.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
	DDE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
	FFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 1.4. As used in this chapter,
"a	udit committee" means:
	(1) a committee or equivalent body established by the board
	of directors of an entity to oversee:
	(A) the accounting and financial reporting processes; and
	(B) audits of financial statements;
	of an insurer or insurer group;
	(2) if elected by the controlling person of an entity that
	controls an insurer group and solely for purposes of this
	chapter, a committee or equivalent body established by the
	board of directors of the entity to oversee:
	(A) the accounting and financial reporting processes; and
	(B) audits of financial statements;
	of the entity; or



1	(3) if subdivision (1) or (2) does not apply, the entire board of	
2	directors of the insurer or entity that controls an insurer.	
3	SECTION 10. IC 27-1-3.5-2.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
4	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 2.8. (a) As used in this chapter,	
6	"independent member" means an individual who is a member of	
7	a committee or board established by an entity and meets all of the	
8	following requirements:	
9	(1) The individual does not, other than in the individual's	
10	capacity as a member of an audit committee, a board of	
11	directors, or another board committee of the entity, accept	
12	any consulting fee, advisory fee, or other compensation from	
13	the entity.	
14	(2) The individual is not associated with:	
15	(A) an affiliate of the entity; or	
16	(B) a subsidiary of the entity or affiliate.	
17	(b) An individual who is not an independent member under	
18	subsection (a) may be considered to be an independent member for	
19	purposes of an audit committee if:	
20	(1) another law requires participation on a board of directors	
21	by an individual who is not an independent member;	
22	(2) the individual is a member of the audit committee by	
23	virtue of the individual's participation on the board of	
24	directors described in subdivision (1); and	
25	(3) the individual is not an officer or employee of the insurer	
26	or an affiliate of the insurer.	
27	SECTION 11. IC 27-1-3.5-3.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
28	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	V
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.1. As used in this chapter,	
30	"insurer" refers to an insurer that is authorized under this title to	
31	make any kind of insurance in Indiana.	
32	SECTION 12. IC 27-1-3.5-3.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
33	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
34	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.2. As used in this chapter,	
35	"insurer group" means a group of insurers that are:	
36	(1) authorized to transact insurance business in Indiana and	
37	subject to the reporting requirements of IC 27-1-23; or	
38	(2) identified by the management personnel of an insurer to	
39	assess the effectiveness of the insurer's internal control over	
40	financial reporting.	
41	SECTION 13. IC 27-1-3.5-3.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
42	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.3. (a) As used in this chapter,
2	"internal control over financial reporting" means a process that is:
3	(1) implemented by the board of directors, management
4	personnel, and other personnel of an entity; and
5	(2) designed to provide reasonable assurance that the entity's
6	financial statements are reliable.
7	(b) The term includes policies and procedures that:
8	(1) pertain to the maintenance of records to accurately and
9	fairly reflect, in reasonable detail:
0	(A) transactions involving; and
.1	(B) disposition of;
2	assets; and
3	(2) provide reasonable assurance that:
4	(A) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit
.5	preparation of financial statements;
6	(B) receipts and expenditures are made only when
7	authorized by management personnel or directors; and
8	(C) unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of assets
9	that could have a material effect on financial statements is
0	prevented or detected in a timely manner.
1	SECTION 14. IC 27-1-3.5-3.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
22	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
.3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.4. As used in this chapter,
4	"SEC" refers to the federal Securities and Exchange Commission.
.5	SECTION 15. IC 27-1-3.5-3.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.6. As used in this chapter,
8	"Section 404" refers to:
9	(1) Section 404; and
0	(2) SEC regulations promulgated under Section 404;
1	of the federal Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
2	SECTION 16. IC 27-1-3.5-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
3	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.7. As used in this chapter,
5	"Section 404 report" means a report of the management of an
6	entity concerning internal control over financial reporting and the
7	related attestation report of the entity's accountant.
8	SECTION 17. IC 27-1-3.5-3.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
9	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.8. As used in this chapter,
1	"SOX compliant entity" means an entity that complies with all of
12	the following provisions of the federal Sarbanes_Oyley Act of 2002.



1	(1) The preapproval requirements of Section 201 (Section
2	10A(i) of the federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934).
3	(2) The audit committee independence requirements of
4	Section 301 (Section 10A(m)(3) of the federal Securities
5	Exchange Act of 1934).
6	(3) The internal control over financial reporting requirements
7	of Section 404 (Item 308 of SEC regulation S-K).
8	SECTION 18. IC 27-1-3.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this
10	chapter, "work papers" means the records kept by the independent
11	auditor an accountant of the procedures followed, the tests performed,
12	the information obtained, and the conclusions reached by the
13	independent auditor's related to the accountant's audit of the financial
14	statements of a domestic an insurer.
15	(b) The term includes any audit planning documentation, work
16	programs, analyses, memoranda, letters of confirmation and
17	representation, abstracts of company documents, and schedules or
18	commentaries that:
19	(1) are prepared or obtained by the independent auditor
20	accountant in the course of any the accountant's audit of the
21	financial statements of a domestic an insurer; and
22	(2) support the independent auditor's accountant's opinion. on
23	the domestic insurer's financial statements.
24	SECTION 19. IC 27-1-3.5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as
26	provided in subsections (b) and (c), this chapter applies to all domestic
27	insurers.
28	(b) A domestic An insurer that has:
29	(1) direct written premiums of less than one million dollars
30	(\$1,000,000) in any calendar year; and
31	(2) less than one thousand (1,000) policyholders or certificate
32	holders of directly direct written policies nationwide at the end
33	of a calendar year; and
34	(3) assumed premiums under contracts or treaties of
35	reinsurance of less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in a
36	calendar year;
37	is exempt from this chapter with respect to that year. However, the
38	commissioner may require compliance with this chapter upon a finding
39	that compliance with this chapter is necessary for the commissioner to
40	carry out a statutory responsibility.
41	(c) A foreign or an alien insurer that files an audited financial report
42	in another state or country pursuant to that under the other state's or



1	country's requirement for filing of annual audited financial reports is
2	exempt from sections 6 through 13 of this chapter, except sections
3	7.2 and 7.4 of this chapter, with respect to the year of that the annual
4	audited financial report, from the requirement to file an audited
5	financial report with the commissioner under this chapter, if:
6	(1) the commissioner has found the other state's or country's
7	requirement for filing of audited financial reports to be
8	substantially similar to the requirements of this chapter;
9	(2) copies a copy of the annual audited financial report, the
10	report on significant deficiencies in communication of internal
11	controls, control related matters noted in an audit, and the
12	accountant's letter of qualifications filed with the other state or
13	country are filed with the commissioner in accordance with the
14	filing dates set forth in sections 8, 6, 12, and 12.5 of this chapter;
15	and
16	(3) a copy of a notification of an adverse financial condition
17	report that is filed with the other state is filed with the
18	commissioner within the time specified in section 11 of this
19	chapter.
20	(d) A foreign or an alien insurer that files a report of internal
21	control over financial reporting in another state is exempt from
22	filing the same report under this chapter if:
23	(1) the other state has reporting requirements substantially
24	similar to this chapter; and
25	(2) the report is filed with the commissioner of insurance of
26	the other state in a timely manner.
27	This (e) Subsection (c) or (d) does not prevent or limit the
28	commissioner from ordering, conducting, or performing examinations
29	of foreign or alien insurers under the rules, regulations, and practices,
30	and procedures of the department under IC 27-1-3.1.
31	SECTION 20. IC 27-1-3.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 6. (a) A domestic An
33	insurer shall have an audit by an independent auditor every year
34	accountant and shall file an audited financial report with the
35	commissioner every year before not later than the June 1 immediately
36	following the December 31 that ends the year reported on in the
37	financial report. The commissioner may require a domestic an insurer

to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 if the

commissioner gives the domestic insurer ninety (90) days advance

commissioner for thirty (30) days upon a showing by the insurer and its

(b) An extension of the June 1 filing date may be granted by the

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notice of the earlier filing date.

1	independent auditor the insurer's accountant of the reasons for
2	requesting the extension and a determination by the commissioner that
3	there is good cause for an extension. The request for an extension must
4	be submitted in writing at least ten (10) days before the due date and
5	must include sufficient detail to permit the commissioner to make an
6	informed decision with respect to the requested extension.
7	(c) If an extension is granted under subsection (b), a similar
8	extension of thirty (30) days is granted for the filing of the insurer's
9	report of internal control over financial reporting.
10	(d) An insurer required to file an annual audited financial
11	report under this chapter shall designate a group of individuals
12	constituting the insurer's audit committee.
13	SECTION 21. IC 27-1-3.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 7. (a) The annual
15	audited financial report filed by a domestic an insurer under this
16	chapter shall report:
17	(1) the financial position of the domestic insurer as of the end of
18	the most recently ended calendar year; and
19	(2) the results of the domestic insurer's operations, cash flow, and
20	changes in capital and surplus for that year;
21	in conformity with statutory accounting practices prescribed, or
22	otherwise permitted, by the department of insurance of the state of
23	domicile.
24	(b) The financial statements included in the annual audited financial
25	report filed by a domestic insurer under this chapter shall be examined
26	by an independent auditor. The independent auditor shall conduct its
27	examination of the domestic insurer's financial statements in
28	accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and shall
29	consider such other procedures illustrated in the Financial Condition
30	Examiner's Handbook published by the National Association of
31	Insurance Commissioners as the independent auditor considers
32	necessary.
33	(c) (b) An annual audited financial report filed by a domestic an
34	insurer under this chapter must include the following:
35	(1) The report of the insurer's independent auditor. accountant.
36	(2) A balance sheet reporting admitted assets, liabilities, capital,
37	and surplus.
38	(3) A statement of operations.
39	(4) A statement of cash flow.
40	(5) A statement of changes in capital and surplus.
41	(6) Notes to financial statements. The notes must:
42	(A) be those required by the National Association of Insurance



1	Commissioners' annual statement instructions and any other
2	notes required by statutory accounting practices, which must
3	the National Association of Insurance Commissioners'
4	accounting practices and procedures manual; and
5	(B) include the following:
6	(A) a reconciliation of differences, if any, between the audited
7	statutory financial statements included in the audited
8	financial report and the annual financial statement filed by the
9	insurer under IC 27-1-20-21, including a written description of
10	the nature of these differences.
11	(B) A summary of the ownership and relationships of the
12	domestic insurer and all affiliated companies.
13	(d) (c) The financial statements included in a domestic an insurer's
14	annual audited financial report shall be prepared in the same form, and
15	using language and groupings substantially the same, as the relevant
16	sections of the annual statement of the insurer filed with the
17	commissioner under IC 27-1-20-21.
18	(e) (d) The financial statements included in a domestic an insurer's
19	annual audited financial report must be comparative, presenting the
20	amounts as of December 31 of the year of the report and comparative
21	amounts as of the immediately preceding December 31. However, in
22	the first year in which an insurer is required to file an annual audited
23	financial report under this chapter, the comparative data may be
24	omitted.
25	SECTION 22. IC 27-1-3.5-7.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
26	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 7.2. (a) This section does not
28	apply to:
29	(1) a foreign or an alien insurer that has a certificate of
30	authority to transact insurance business in Indiana; or
31	(2) an insurer that is a SOX compliant entity; or
32	(3) a wholly owned subsidiary of a SOX compliant entity.
33	(b) Each member of an insurer's audit committee must be a
34	member of the board of directors of:
35	(1) the insurer; or
36	(2) an entity elected under subsection (d) as described in
37	section 1.4(2) of this chapter.
38	(c) If an independent member of an audit committee ceases to
39	be independent for reasons beyond the member's reasonable
40	control, the member, with notice from the responsible entity to the
41	commissioner, may remain an audit committee member until the
42	earlier of:



1	(1) the date of the next annual meeting of the responsible	
2	entity; or	
3	(2) one (1) year after the occurrence of the event that caused	
4	the member to cease being an independent member.	
5	(d) If the controlling person of an insurer elects to designate an	
6	audit committee for purposes of this chapter, the controlling	
7	person shall provide written notice:	
8	(1) in a timely manner before filing of the insurer's annual	
9	audited financial report; and	
10	(2) including a description of the basis for the election;	
11	to the insurance commissioner that regulates each affected insurer.	
12	The controlling person may change an election by providing	
13	written notice of the change to the applicable insurance	
14	commissioner, including a description of the basis for the change.	
15	An election is effective until rescinded.	
16	(e) The audit committee of an insurer is directly responsible for	
17	the:	
18	(1) appointment, compensation, and oversight of the work;	
19	and	
20	(2) resolution of financial reporting disagreements with the	
21	insurer's management personnel;	
22	of an accountant in the accountant's preparation or issuance of the	0
23	insurer's annual audited financial report or related work under	
24	this chapter. An accountant reports directly to the audit committee	-
25	of the insurer.	
26	(f) An audit committee shall require the accountant that	
27	performs for an insurer an audit required by this chapter to timely	
28	report to the audit committee in accordance with Statement on	V
29	Auditing Standards No. 114 of the American Institute of Certified	J
30	Public Accountants, including all of the following:	
31	(1) All significant accounting policies and material permitted	
32	practices.	
33	(2) All material alternative disclosures and treatments of	
34	financial information within statutory accounting principles	
35	that have been discussed with management personnel of the	
36	insurer, ramifications of the use of the alternative disclosures	
37	and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the	
38	accountant.	
39	(3) Other material written communications between the	
40	accountant and the management personnel of the insurer,	
41	including a management letter or schedule of unadjusted	
12	differences.	



1	(g) If:
2	(1) an insurer is a member of an insurance holding company
3	system; and
4	(2) any substantial differences among insurer members in the
5	insurance holding company system are identified to the audit
6	committee of the insurance holding company system;
7	the reports required by subsection (f) may be provided to the audit
8	committee on an aggregate basis for all insurer members.
9	(h) The proportion of independent members of an audit
10	committee must meet or exceed the following requirements:
11	(1) If the insurer's immediately preceding calendar year
12	direct written and assumed premiums are not more than
13	three hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000), there is no
14	minimum requirement for independent members.
15	(2) If the insurer's immediately preceding calendar year
16	direct written and assumed premiums are more than three
17	hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000) and not more than five
18	hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), at least fifty percent
19	(50%) of members must be independent members.
20	(3) If the insurer's immediately preceding calendar year
21	direct written and assumed premiums are more than five
22	hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), at least seventy-five
23	percent (75%) of members must be independent members.
24	(i) An insurer that has direct written and assumed premiums
25	(excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance
26	Corporation and National Flood Insurance Program) equal to less
27	than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) may apply to the
28	commissioner for a waiver from the requirements of this section
29	based on hardship.
30	(j) If the commissioner has granted an insurer a waiver from the
31	requirements of subsection (i), the insurer shall, with the insurer's
32	annual statement filing, file evidence of the relief with the:
33	(1) states in which the insurer is authorized to do business;
34	and
35	(2) National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
36	If a nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the National
37	Association of Insurance Commissioners, the insurer shall file the
38	grant of the waiver in an electronic format that is acceptable to the
39	National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
40	SECTION 23. IC 27-1-3.5-7.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
41	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 7.4. (a) A director or an officer of



an insurer shall not, directly or indirectly, in connection with an audit, review, or communication required under this chapter:

- (1) make or cause to be made a materially false or misleading statement to an accountant; or
- (2) omit, or cause another person to omit, a material fact necessary to avoid misleading an accountant.
- (b) A director or an officer, or another person acting under the direction of a director or an officer, of an insurer shall not, directly or indirectly, coerce, manipulate, mislead, or fraudulently influence an accountant engaged in the performance of an audit under this chapter if the director, officer, or other person knows or should know that the action could result in rendering the insurer's financial statements materially misleading. Actions prohibited under this subsection include actions to coerce, manipulate, mislead, or fraudulently influence the accountant:
 - (1) to issue or reissue a report on an insurer's financial statements that is not warranted due to material violations of statutory accounting principles, generally accepted auditing standards, or other professional or regulatory standards;
 - (2) not to perform audit, review, or other procedures required under generally accepted auditing standards or other professional standards;
 - (3) not to withdraw an issued report; or
 - (4) not to communicate matters to the insurer's audit committee.

SECTION 24. IC 27-1-3.5-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 8. (a) A domestic An insurer that is required by this chapter to file an annual audited financial reports report shall, not more than sixty (60) days after becoming subject to the requirement, register in writing with the commissioner the name and address of the independent auditor accountant retained by the insurer to conduct the annual audits audit required by this chapter. The domestic insurer shall continuously ensure that the information provided to the commissioner under this section is accurate, and shall inform the commissioner in writing of any change in the identity or address of its independent auditor. An insurer that does not have an accountant on retainer on July 1, 2010, shall register the name and address of the insurer's retained accountant at least six (6) months before the first date after June 30, 2010, by which the insurer's first annual audited financial report is to be filed.

(b) A domestic An insurer shall obtain a letter from its independent



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1	auditor the insurer's accountant that:
2	(1) states that the independent auditor accountant is aware of the
3	provisions of IC 27 and the administrative rules of the department
4	of insurance of the insurer's state of domicile that relate to
5	auditing, accounting and financial matters; and
6	(2) affirms that the independent auditor accountant will express
7	it's the accountant's opinion on the financial statements of the
8	domestic insurer in the terms of their conformity to the statutory
9	accounting practices prescribed or otherwise permitted by the
10	department, specifying such exceptions as the independent
11	auditor accountant may believe appropriate.
12	The domestic insurer shall file a copy of this letter with the
13	commissioner.
14	(c) If an independent auditor accountant that served as the
15	accountant for the immediately preceding annual audited the most
16	recent financial report filed by the insurer with the commissioner under
17	this chapter subsequently ceases to be the independent auditor
18	accountant for the insurer, the insurer shall:
19	(1) not more than five (5) business days after the cessation of the
20	independent auditor's accountant's services, notify the
21	commissioner in writing of the identity and address of the new
22	independent auditor; cessation;
23	(2) not more than ten (10) business days after the notification
24	given in under subdivision (1), furnish the commissioner with a
25	separate letter that states whether in the twenty-four (24) months
26	preceding the engagement cessation of the new independent
27	auditor accountant's services there were any disagreements
28	between the insurer and its the former independent auditor
29	accountant on any matter of accounting principles or practices,
30	financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure,
31	which, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the former
32	independent auditor accountant, would have caused the former
33	independent auditor accountant to make reference to the subject
34	matter of the disagreement in connection with the former
35	independent auditor's statement of its accountant's opinion. on
36	the insurer's financial report, and, if there was such a
37	disagreement, provides a description of the disagreement.
38	Disagreements required to be reported under this subdivision
39	include those at the decision making level that were resolved:
40	(A) to the former accountant's satisfaction; and
41	(B) not to the former accountant's satisfaction; and
42	(3) comply with subsection (d).



1	For the purposes of this subsection, "decision making level" refers to
2	the personnel of the insurer who are responsible for the presentation of
3	the insurer's financial statements and the personnel of the independent
4	auditor accountant who are responsible for rendering the opinion of
5	the auditor on the insurer's annual audited financial report.
6	(d) A domestic An insurer subject to the provisions of subsection (c)
7	shall:
8	(1) provide its former independent auditor accountant with a
9	copy of the letter furnished to the commissioner under subsection
10	(c)(2); and
11	(2) request in writing its former independent auditor accountant
12	to furnish a letter addressed to the insurer stating whether the
13	former independent auditor accountant agrees with the
14	statements contained in the letter furnished to the commissioner
15	under subsection (c)(2) and, if not, stating the reasons for the
16	former independent auditor's accountant's disagreement.
17	The domestic insurer shall furnish the commissioner with a copy of any
18	responsive letter it the insurer receives from its the insurer's former
19	independent auditor within five (5) business days after the insurer
20	receives the accountant together with the insurer's own letter.
21	SECTION 25. IC 27-1-3.5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 9. (a) An accountant
23	that audits an insurer's annual audited financial report filed under
24	section 6 of this chapter must be recognized by the commissioner
25	to be qualified to serve as the insurer's accountant.
26	(a) (b) For the purposes of this chapter, the commissioner may not
27	recognize as an independent auditor any a qualified accountant an
28	individual or a firm that: is not:
29	(1) a certified public accountant (if an individual) or made up of
30	certified public accountants (if a firm); or
31	(2) in good standing with:
32	(A) the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants;
33	and
34	(B) all of the authorities that license certified public
35	accountants and certified public accounting firms in the states
36	in which the individual or firm is licensed to practice.
37	(1) is not an accountant under section 1 of this chapter; or
38	(2) has entered into an indemnification agreement or a release
39	from liability with respect to the audit of an insurer.
40	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the
41	commissioner shall recognize an accountant as qualified if the
42	accountant:



1	(1) is an accountant under section 1 of this chapter; and
2	(2) conforms to the standards of the accountant's profession
3	as contained in the:
4	(A) Code of Professional Ethics and Pronouncements of the
5	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and
6	(B) Rules of Professional Conduct of the Indiana State
7	Board of Accountancy;
8	or a similar code.
9	(d) A qualified accountant may enter into an agreement with an
10	insurer to have disputes between the accountant and the insurer
11	related to an audit resolved by mediation or arbitration. However,
12	if a delinquency proceeding is commenced against the insurer
13	under IC 27-9, a mediation or arbitration provision operates only
14	at the option of the statutory successor of the insurer.
15	(b) (e) A partner or other individual who is primarily responsible
16	for rendering a report conducting an audit may not act in that capacity
17	for more than seven (7) five (5) consecutive years. An The individual
18	who has been responsible for rendering a report for seven (7) years is
19	disqualified from acting in that or a similar capacity for the same
20	company or its insurance subsidiaries or affiliates for two (2) a period
21	of five (5) consecutive years. A domestic An insurer may, not later
22	than December 1 of the calendar year, apply to the commissioner
23	and request to be exempted for relief from the seven (7) year five (5)
24	year rotation requirement of this subsection on the basis of unusual
25	circumstances. The commissioner may consider the following factors
26	in determining if relief should be granted:
27	(1) The number of partners, expertise of the partners, or number
28	of insurance clients in the currently registered firm.
29	(2) The premium volume of the domestic insurer.
30	(3) The number of jurisdictions in which the domestic insurer
31	transacts business.
32	(c) (f) The commissioner may not recognize as an independent
33	auditor or a qualified accountant, nor accept an annual audited
34	financial report prepared in whole or part by, a person who: an
35	individual to whom any of the following applies:
36	(1) The individual has been convicted of fraud, bribery, a
37	violation of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations
38	Act under federal law (18 U.S.C. 1961 through 1968) or state law
39	(IC 35-45-6) or any dishonest conduct or practices under federal
40	or state law.
41	(2) The individual has been found to have violated the insurance

law of this state with respect to any previous reports submitted



1	under this chapter. or	
2	(3) The individual has demonstrated a pattern or practice of	
3	failing to detect or disclose material information in previous	
4	reports filed under this chapter.	
5	(g) The commissioner may not recognize as a qualified	
6	accountant, nor accept an annual audited financial report	
7	prepared in whole or part by, a person that provides to an insurer,	
8	contemporaneously with the audit, any of the following nonaudit	
9	services:	
10	(1) Bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting	
11	records or financial statements of the insurer.	
12	(2) Financial information systems design and implementation.	
13	(3) Appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions, or	
14	contribution in kind reports.	
15	(4) Actuarially oriented advisory services involving the	_
16	determination of amounts recorded in the financial statements	
17	of the insurer. This subdivision does not include the	
18	accountant's assistance to an insurer in understanding the	
19	methods, assumptions, and inputs used in the determination	
20	of amounts recorded in the financial statements if it is	
21	reasonable to conclude that the assistance will not be subject	
22	to audit procedures during an audit of the insurer's financial	
23	statements. Additionally, this subdivision does not include the	
24	issuance by the accountant's actuary of an actuarial opinion	
25	or certification concerning an insurer's reserves if the	
26	following conditions are met:	
27	(A) Neither the accountant nor the actuary has performed	
28	any management functions or made any management	T
29	decisions for the insurer.	
30	(B) The insurer has competent personnel, or engages a	
31	third party actuary, to estimate the reserves for which	
32	management personnel take responsibility.	
33	(C) The actuary tests the reasonableness of the reserves	
34	after the insurer's management personnel have determined	
35	the amount of the reserves.	
36	(5) Internal audit outsourcing services.	
37	(6) Management functions or human resources.	
38	(7) Broker, dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking	
39	services.	
40	(8) Legal services or expert services unrelated to the audit.	
41	(9) Any other services that the commissioner determines by	
42	rule are impermissible.	



1	(h) An insurer that has direct written and assumed premiums
2	totaling less than one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) in a
3	calendar year may request relief from subsection (g) by filing with
4	the commissioner a written statement describing the reasons the
5	insurer should be exempt from subsection (g). The commissioner
6	may grant the relief if, upon review of the written statement, the
7	commissioner finds that compliance with subsection (g) would
8	constitute a financial or organizational hardship on the insurer.
9	(i) The commissioner shall not recognize a person as an
10	accountant qualified for a particular insurer if the person
11	employed, as the person's partner or senior manager, an individual
12	who:
13	(1) was involved in the audit in the individual's capacity as a
14	partner or senior manager;
15	(2) served:
16	(A) as a member of the board;
17	(B) as the president;
18	(C) as the chief executive officer;
19	(D) as the controller;
20	(E) as the chief financial officer;
21	(F) as the chief accounting officer; or
22	(G) in another position equivalent to a position specified in
23	clauses (A) through (F);
24	for the insurer; and
25	(3) participated in the audit of the insurer in the individual's
26	capacity described in subdivision (2) during the one (1) year
27	period preceding the date on which the most current statutory
28	opinion is due.
29	However, an insurer may apply to the commissioner for relief from
30	this subsection on the basis of unusual circumstances.
31	(j) A qualified accountant that performs an audit may perform
32	for an insurer other nonaudit services, including tax services, that
33	are not described in subsection (g) or that do not conflict with
34	subsection (g)(2) if the performance of the nonaudit services is
35	preapproved by the insurer's audit committee under subsection (k).
36	(k) Audit services and nonaudit services provided by an
37	accountant to an insurer must be preapproved by the insurer's
38	audit committee. However, the requirement for preapproval of
39	nonaudit services may be waived if:
40	(1) the insurer is:
41	(A) a SOX compliant entity; or
12	(B) a wholly owned subsidiary of a SOX compliant entity;



	or
	(2) all of the following apply:
	(A) The aggregate amount paid for the nonaudit services
	provided to the insurer constitutes not more than five
	percent (5%) of the total amount of fees paid by the
	insurer to the accountant during the fiscal year in which
	the nonaudit services are provided.
	(B) The insurer did not recognize at the time the
	accountant was engaged to serve as the insurer's
	accountant that the services were nonaudit services.
	(C) Before completion of the audit, the nonaudit services
	are promptly brought to the attention of the audit
	committee and approved by:
	(i) the audit committee; or
	(ii) one (1) or more members of the audit committee who
	are the members of the board of directors to whom
	authority to grant approvals has been delegated by the
	audit committee.
	(d) (l) The commissioner may conduct a hearing under IC 4-21.5
I	C 4-21.5-3 to determine whether an independent auditor engaged by
ā	domestic insurer accountant is sufficiently independent of that
Ċ	lomestic insurer to be capable of exercising independent judgment and
(ualified and, after considering the evidence presented, may:
	(1) rule that the accountant is not qualified for purposes of
	expressing an objective the accountant's opinion on the financial
	statements in the annual audited financial report filed by the
	insurer under this chapter; If the commissioner determines that
	the auditor is not sufficiently independent of the insurer, the
	commissioner shall and
	(2) require the insurer to replace the auditor accountant with
	another that is sufficiently independent of accountant whose
	relationship with the insurer is qualified within the meaning of
	this chapter.
	(m) An audit committee may delegate to one (1) or more
C	lesignated members of the audit committee the authority to grant
2	preapproval required under subsection (k). The decisions of a
ľ	nember to whom this authority is delegated must be presented to
t	he full audit committee at each scheduled meeting of the audit
(ommittee.
	(n) If the commissioner has granted an insurer any relief under
	ubsection (e), (h), or (i), the insurer shall, with the insurer's
2	nnual statement filing, file evidence of the relief with the:



1	(1) states in which the insurer is authorized to do business;
2	and
3	(2) National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
4	If a nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the National
5	Association of Insurance Commissioners, the insurer shall file the
6	evidence of the relief in an electronic format that is acceptable to
7	the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
8	SECTION 26. IC 27-1-3.5-9.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
9	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 9.5. (a) An audit required under
11	section 6 of this chapter must be conducted in accordance with
12	generally accepted auditing standards.
13	(b) In accordance with AU Section 319 of the professional
14	standards of the American Institute of Certified Public
15	Accountants, an accountant conducting an audit under this chapter
16	shall:
17	(1) obtain an understanding of internal control sufficient to
18	plan the audit;
19	(2) for an insurer required to file a report of internal control
20	over financial reporting under this chapter, consider the most
21	recently available financial report under Statement on
22	Auditing Standards No. 102 of the American Institute of
23	Certified Public Accountants, in planning and performing the
24	audit of the statutory financial statements; and
25	(3) if considered necessary by the accountant, consider the
26	procedures in the National Association of Insurance
27	Commissioners Financial Condition Examiners Handbook.
28	SECTION 27. IC 27-1-3.5-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 10. A domestic An
30	insurer may apply in writing to the commissioner for approval to satisfy
31	the requirements of this chapter by filing file audited consolidated or
32	combined financial statements instead of separate annual audited
33	financial statements if the insurer is part of a group of insurance
34	companies that utilizes a pooling or one hundred percent (100%)
35	reinsurance agreement that affects the solvency and integrity of the
36	insurer's reserves and the insurer cedes all of the insurer's direct and
37	assumed business to the pool. If a domestic an insurer whose
38	application is approved elects to file a consolidated return, the insurer
39	shall file, with its financial statements, a columnar consolidating or
40	combining schedule, worksheet, which must meet the following
41	requirements:

(1) Amounts shown on the consolidated or combined annual



1	audited financial report shall be shown on the schedule.
2	worksheet.
3	(2) Amounts for each insurer subject to this section shall be stated
4	separately.
5	(3) Noninsurance operations shall may be shown on the schedule
6	worksheet on a combined or an individual basis.
7	(4) Explanations of consolidating and eliminating entries shall be
8	included.
9	(5) A reconciliation shall be included of any differences between
10	the amounts shown in the individual insurer columns of the
11	schedule worksheet and comparable amounts shown on the
12	annual statements of the insurers.
13	SECTION 28. IC 27-1-3.5-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 11. (a) A domestic An
15	insurer required to file an annual audited financial reports report
16	under this chapter shall require its independent auditor the insurer's
17	accountant to report in writing to the board of directors or the board
18	of director's audit committee, not more than five (5) business days after
19	making a the determination, the independent auditor's accountant's
20	determination that:
21	(1) the domestic insurer has materially misstated to the
22	commissioner the financial condition of the insurer as of the date
23	of the balance sheet being examined audited by the independent
24	auditor; accountant; or
25	(2) the domestic insurer does not meet the minimum capital and
26	surplus requirements of Indiana of this title as of the date of the
27	balance sheet being examined audited by the independent
28	auditor. accountant.
29	The domestic insurer who that has received a report under this section
30	shall forward a copy of the report to the commissioner within five (5)
31	business days after receipt of the report and shall provide the
32	independent accountant making the report with evidence of the report
33	being furnished to the commissioner. An independent auditor who
34	accountant that does not receive the evidence that the report was filed
35	with the commissioner within the required five (5) business days shall
36	furnish the commissioner a copy of the report within the next five (5)
37	business days. An independent auditor may accountant is not be liable
38	to any person for a statement made in connection with this subsection,
39	if the statement is made in good faith compliance with this subsection.
40	(b) If the independent auditor accountant of a domestic an insurer,

after the filing of the insurer's annual audited financial report under

this chapter, becomes aware of facts that, if the independent auditor



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1	accountant had been aware of the facts when writing its the
2	accountant's report, might have affected the independent auditor's
3	accountant's report that was included in the insurer's annual audited
4	financial report, the independent auditor accountant shall take such
5	action as is prescribed in the Volume 1, Section AU 561 of the
6	Professional Standards of the American Institute of Certified Public
7	Accountants.
8	SECTION 29. IC 27-1-3.5-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 12. (a) A domestic An
10	insurer required by this chapter to file an annual audited financial
11	report with the commissioner shall also furnish the commissioner with:
12	(1) a written report (or a letter on reportable conditions)
13	describing the significant deficiencies communication regarding
14	any unremediated material weakness (as defined in Statement
15	on Auditing Standard No. 112 of the American Institute of
16	Certified Public Accountants) in the insurer's internal control
17	structure, if internal control deficiencies were over financial
18	reporting as of the December 31 immediately preceding the
19	filing noted by the domestic insurer's independent auditor in
20	connection with its accountant during the audit; and
21	(2) a written discussion description of any remedial action taken
22	or proposed in connection with to correct any unremediated
23	material weakness communicated in the written report; and
24	(3) if no material weakness is noted by the accountant during
25	the audit, a written communication noting that fact.
26	(b) The written report communication and written discussion
27	description required under subsection (a) must be filed not later than
28	sixty (60) days after the filing of the annual audited financial
29	statements report.
30	SECTION 30. IC 27-1-3.5-12.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 12.5. The independent
32	auditor An insurer's accountant shall furnish the domestic insurer, in
33	connection with and for inclusion in the filing of the annual audited
34	financial report, a letter stating the following:
35	(1) That the independent auditor accountant is independent with
36	respect to the insurer and conforms to the standards of the
37	independent auditor's accountant's profession as contained in the

(1) That the independent auditor accountant is independent with respect to the insurer and conforms to the standards of the independent auditor's accountant's profession as contained in the Code of Professional Ethics and Pronouncements of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the rules of professional conduct of the Indiana state board of accountancy or a similar code.

(2) The:



1	(A) general background and experience; and	
2	(B) experience in audits of insurers;	
3	of the staff assigned to the audit. The letter must also state	
4	whether each member of the staff is a certified public an	
5	accountant. This subdivision does not prohibit the independent	
6	auditor from using accountant's use of the staff as considered	
7	appropriate where such use is consistent with the standards	
8	prescribed by generally accepted auditing standards.	
9	(3) That the independent auditor accountant understands that the:	
0	(A) annual audited financial report and the accountant's	
1	opinion on the annual audited financial report will be filed	
2	with the commissioner in compliance with this chapter; and	
.3	(B) commissioner will be relying on the independent auditor's	
4	annual audited financial report and the independent auditor's	
5	opinion in the report for filed report and opinion in the	
6	monitoring and regulation of the financial positions position	
7	of the insurers. insurer.	
8	(4) That the independent auditor accountant consents to the	
9	requirements of section 13 of this chapter and consents and	
20	agrees to make available for review by the commissioner, the	
21	commissioner's designee, or the commissioner's appointed agent,	
22	any of the independent auditor's accountant's work papers. and	
23	significant communications.	
24	(5) That the independent auditor accountant is properly licensed	
25	by an appropriate state licensing authority and is a member in	
26	good standing in the American Institute of Certified Public	
27	Accountants.	
28	(6) That the independent auditor accountant is in compliance	
29	with the requirements of section 9 of this chapter.	
0	SECTION 31. IC 27-1-3.5-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 13. (a) A domestic An	
32	insurer required to file an audited financial report under this chapter	
3	shall require its independent auditor the insurer's accountant to make	
4	available for review by department examiners:	
35	(1) all work papers prepared in the conduct of the independent	
66	auditor's examination; accountant's audit; and	
37	(2) any record of significant communications, related to the audit,	
8	between the independent auditor accountant and the insurer;	
9	that took place at (A) the offices of the insurer, (B) the department, (C)	
10	the offices of the independent auditor; or (D) any other reasonable	
1	place designated by the commissioner.	
12	The (b) An insurer described in subsection (a) shall require the	



1	independent auditor accountant to retain the audit work papers and
2	communications until the department has filed a report on the
3	examination covering the period of the audit but not later than seven
4	(7) years after the date of the audit report.
5	(b) (c) Department examiners, in conducting a review of an
6	independent auditor's work papers, under this section, may make and
7	retain copies photocopies of the pertinent audit work papers. and
8	communications. A review of an independent auditor's work papers and
9	communications shall be under this section is considered an
10	investigation, and all work papers and communications obtained on
11	copied during the course of that the investigation are confidential
12	under IC 27-1-3.1-15.
13	SECTION 32. IC 27-1-3.5-13.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
14	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 13.8. (a) An insurer that is
16	required to file an audited financial report under this chapter and
17	has annual direct written and assumed premiums (excluding
18	premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation
19	and National Flood Insurance Program) equal to at least five
20	hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) shall:
21	(1) prepare the insurer's or insurer group's report of internal
22	control over financial reporting as of the December 31
23	immediately preceding the report; and
24	(2) file the report prepared under subdivision (1) with the
25	commissioner, along with the communication required under
26	section 12 of this chapter.
27	(b) The commissioner may require an insurer that has any
28	amount of annual direct written and assumed premiums to file the
29	insurer's report of internal controls over financial reporting if the
30	insurer:
31	(1) meets one (1) or more of the standards of an insurer
32	considered to be in hazardous financial condition as
33	determined by the commissioner according to rules adopted
34	under IC 4-22-2; or
35	(2) experiences an RBC level (as defined in IC 27-1-36-18)
36	event.
37	(c) An insurer or insurer group that:
38	(1) is subject to subsection (a) or (b);
39	(2) is:
40	(A) directly subject to Section 404;
41	(B) part of a holding company system whose parent is

directly subject to Section 404;



1	(C) not directly subject to Section 404 and is a SOX	
2	compliant entity; or	
3	(D) a member of a holding company system with a parent	
4	company that:	
5	(i) is not directly subject to Section 404; and	
6	(ii) is a SOX compliant entity; and	
7	(3) includes a description of all of the insurer's or insurer	
8	group's internal controls over financial reporting that have a	
9	material impact on the preparation of the parts of the	
10	insurer's or insurer group's audited statutory financial	
11	statements described in section 7(b)(2) through 7(b)(6) and	
12	section 7(c) and 7(d) of this chapter in the insurer's or	
13	parent's Section 404 report;	
14	may satisfy the requirement of subsection (a) or (b) by filing the	
15	insurer's, insurer group's, or parent's Section 404 report and an	
16	affirmation from the insurer's or insurer group's management	
17	personnel that all material processes with respect to the	
18	preparation of the insurer's or insurer group's audited financial	
19	statements in subdivision (3) are included with the Section 404	
20	report.	
21	(d) If an insurer or insurer group has internal controls over	
22	financial reporting that have a material impact on the preparation	
23	of the insurer's or insurer group's audited statutory financial	
24	statements and a description of the internal controls over financial	_
25	reporting is not included in the Section 404 report that is filed by	
26	the insurer or insurer group, the insurer or insurer group may file:	
27	(1) the insurer's or insurer group's report of internal control	
28	over financial reporting as described in subsection (a); or	V
29	(2) a Section 404 report and the insurer's or insurer group's	
30	report of internal control over financial reporting as	
31	described in subsection (a);	
32	for the internal controls over financial reporting that are not	
33	included in the Section 404 report.	
34	(e) An insurer's or insurer group's report of internal control	
35	over financial reporting must include the following:	
36	(1) A statement that management personnel are responsible	
37	for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control	
38	over financial reporting.	
39	(2) A statement that management personnel have established	
40	internal control over financial reporting accompanied by:	
41 42	(A) an assertion concerning whether:	
42	(i) after diligent inquiry by; and	



1	(ii) to the best of the knowledge of;
2	the management personnel, the insurer's or insurer
3	group's internal control over financial reporting is
4	effective to provide reasonable assurance that the financial
5	statements are reliable and prepared in accordance with
6	statutory accounting principles; and
7	(B) a disclosure of any unremediated material weakness:
8	(i) in the insurer's or insurer group's internal control
9	over financial reporting; and
10	(ii) identified by management personnel as of the
11	December 31 immediately preceding the date of the
12	report.
13	(3) A statement that briefly describes the approach or process
14	by which management personnel evaluate the effectiveness of
15	the insurer's or insurer group's internal control over financial
16	reporting.
17	(4) A statement that briefly describes the scope of work that
18	is included in the report and whether any of the insurer's or
19	insurer group's internal controls over financial reporting are
20	excluded from the report.
21	(5) A statement regarding inherent limitations of the insurer's
22	or insurer group's internal control over financial reporting
23	system.
24	(6) Signatures of the chief executive officer and the chief
25	financial officer or individuals holding equivalent positions.
26	(f) An insurer's or insurer group's management personnel:
27	(1) shall:
28	(A) document; and
29	(B) make available upon a financial condition examination;
30	the basis for the assertions made under subsection (e);
31	(2) may partially base the assertions made under subsection
32	(e) on review, monitoring, and testing of the insurer's or
33	insurer group's internal control over financial reporting that
34	is undertaken in the normal course of management activities;
35	and
36	(3) shall determine the:
37	(A) nature of the insurer's or insurer group's internal
38	control over financial reporting system; and
39	(B) nature and extent of documentation;
40	that are used to support the assertions made under subsection
41	(e) in a cost effective manner, including assembly of or
12	reference to existing documentation.



1	(g) For purposes of this section, if an unremediated material
2	weakness exists in an insurer's or insurer group's internal control
3	over financial reporting, the insurer's or insurer group's
4	management personnel shall not conclude that the internal control
5	over financial reporting is effective to provide reasonable
6	assurance regarding the reliability of the insurer's or insurer
7	group's financial statements in accordance with statutory
8	accounting principles.
9	(h) A report of an insurer's or insurer group's internal control
10	over financial reporting and supporting documentation provided
11	during a financial condition examination is confidential.
12	SECTION 33. IC 27-1-3.5-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 14. (a) In response to
14	a written application from a domestic an insurer, the commissioner
15	may grant an exemption from compliance with this chapter if the
16	commissioner finds, upon review of the application, that compliance
17	with this chapter would constitute a financial or an organizational
18	hardship upon the domestic insurer. An exemption may be granted at
19	any time for a specified period.
20	(b) Within ten (10) days after the denial of a domestic an insurer's
21	written request for an exemption from this chapter, the insurer may, in
22	writing, request a hearing on its application for an exemption. The
23	hearing shall be held under IC 4-21.5. IC 4-21.5-3.
24	SECTION 34. IC 27-1-3.5-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 16. (a) A domestic
26	insurer that:
27	(1) is required to file an annual audited financial report under
28	this chapter; and
29	(2) fails to file an audited annual financial report before July 1 or
30	any other deadline established by the commissioner for the insurer
31	under this chapter without having obtained an extension;
32	is subject to a civil penalty of fifty dollars (\$50) per day until the report
33	is received prescribed in rules adopted by the commissioner.
34	(b) Except as provided in subsections (d), (e), and (f), a domestic
35	insurer shall comply with this chapter, as amended by amendments
36	effective July 1, 2010, for the year ending December 31, 2010, and
37	each subsequent year unless otherwise permitted by the
38	commissioner.
39	(c) Except as provided in subsections (d), (e), and (f), a foreign
40	or alien insurer shall comply with this chapter, as amended
41	effective July 1, 2010, for the year ending December 31, 2010, and

each year thereafter, unless otherwise permitted by the



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1	commissioner.
2	(d) The requirements of section 9(e) of this chapter are in effect
3	for an annual audited financial report for the year ending
4	December 31, 2010, and each subsequent year.
5	(e) The requirements of section 7.2 of this chapter, as amended
6	effective July 1, 2010, apply beginning for the year ending
7	December 31, 2010. However, an insurer or insurer group that, on
8	December 31, 2010, is described in:
9	(1) section 7.2(h)(1) of this chapter and in a subsequent
10	calendar year is described in section 7.2(h)(2) or 7.2(h)(3) of
11	this chapter; or
12	(2) section 7.2(h)(2) of this chapter and in a subsequent
13	calendar year is described in section 7.2(h)(3) of this chapter;
14	due to a change in premium or business combination has one (1)
15	calendar year following the year during which the change occurs
16	to comply with the requirements specified in section 7.2(h) of this
17	chapter for percentage of independent members of the insurer's or
18	insurer group's audit committee.
19	(f) Except as provided in subsection (e), section 13.8 of this
20	chapter applies beginning for the year ending December 31, 2010.
21	However, an insurer or insurer group that, on December 31, 2010,
22	is not subject to section 13.8 of this chapter and in a subsequent
23	calendar year becomes subject to section 13.8 of this chapter due
24	to a change in premium or business combination shall comply with
25	section 13.8 of this chapter beginning two (2) calendar years
26	following the calendar year during which the change occurs.
27	SECTION 35. IC 27-1-3.5-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 18. (a) In the case of a
29	British or Canadian insurer, the annual audited financial report refers
30	to the annual statement of total business on the form filed by the
31	company with its domiciliary supervision authority audited by an
32	independent auditor. accountant.
33	(b) For a British or Canadian insurer, the letter required under
34	section 8 of this chapter shall state that the accountant is aware of the
35	requirement requirements relating to the annual audited statement
36	financial report filed with the commissioner under section 6 of this
37	chapter and shall affirm that the opinion expressed is in conformity
38	with those requirements.

SECTION 36. IC 27-1-9-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 12. (a) In case of a

merger or consolidation between a domestic and a foreign company,

the articles of merger or consolidation shall be regarded as executed by



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the proper officers of said foreign company when such officers are duly authorized to execute same through such action on the part of the directors, shareholders, members, or policyholders of said foreign company as may be required by the laws of the state where the same is incorporated; and upon execution, said articles of merger or consolidation shall be submitted to the commissioner of insurance or other officer at the head of the insurance department of the state where such foreign company is incorporated. No such merger or consolidation shall take effect until it shall have been approved by the insurance official of the state where said foreign company is incorporated nor until a certificate of his approval has been filed in the office of the department of insurance of the state of Indiana. Such submission to and approval by the proper official of such other state shall not be required unless the same are required by the laws of such foreign state. The domestic company involved in such merger or consolidation shall not through anything contained in this section be relieved of any of the procedural requirements enumerated in the preceding sections of this article.

(b) No merger or consolidation between a domestic and a foreign company shall take effect, unless and until the surviving or new company, if such is a foreign company, shall file with the department a power of attorney appointing the commissioner and his successors in office, the attorney for service of said foreign company, upon whom all lawful process against said company may be served. Said power of attorney shall be irrevocable so long as said foreign company has outstanding in this state any contract of insurance, or other obligation whatsoever, and shall by its terms so provide. Service upon the commissioner shall be deemed sufficient service upon the company. complies with IC 27-1-17-4(7).

SECTION 37. IC 27-1-15.6-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 7. (a) Unless denied licensure under section 12 of this chapter, a person who has met the requirements of sections 5 and 6 of this chapter shall be issued an insurance producer license. An insurance producer may receive qualification for a license in one (1) or more of the following lines of authority:

- (1) Life insurance coverage on human lives, including benefits of endowment and annuities, that may include benefits in the event of death or dismemberment by accident and benefits for disability income.
- (2) Accident and health or sickness insurance coverage for sickness, bodily injury, or accidental death that may include



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1	benefits for disability income.
2	(3) Property — insurance coverage for the direct or consequential
3	loss of or damage to property of every kind.
4	(4) Casualty — insurance coverage against legal liability,
5	including liability for death, injury, or disability, or for damage to
6	real or personal property.
7	(5) Variable life and variable annuity products — insurance
8	coverage provided under variable life insurance contracts and
9	variable annuities.
10	(6) Personal lines — property and casualty insurance coverage
11	sold to individuals and families for primarily noncommercial
12	purposes.
13	(7) Credit — limited line credit insurance.
14	(8) Title — insurance coverage against loss or damage on account
15	of encumbrances on or defects in the title to real estate.
16	(9) Any other line of insurance permitted under Indiana laws or
17	administrative rules.
18	(b) A person who requests and receives qualification under
19	subsection (a)(5) for variable life and annuity products:
20	(1) is considered to have requested; and
21	(2) shall receive;
22	a life qualification under subsection (a)(1). The insurance producer's
23	license document must clearly indicate that the life qualification
24	received under this subsection includes a qualification for variable
25	life and variable annuity products.
26	(c) A resident insurance producer may not request separate
27	qualifications for property insurance and casualty insurance under
28	subsection (a).
29	(d) An insurance producer license remains in effect unless revoked
30	or suspended, as long as the renewal fee set forth in section 32 of this
31	chapter is paid and the educational requirements for resident individual
32	producers are met by the due date.
33	(e) An individual insurance producer who:
34	(1) allows the individual insurance producer's license to lapse;
35	and
36	(2) completed all required continuing education before the license
37	expired;
38	may, not more than twelve (12) months after the expiration date of the
39	license, reinstate the same license without the necessity of passing a
40	written examination. A penalty in the amount of three (3) times the
41	unpaid renewal fee shall be required for any renewal fee received after

the expiration date of the license. However, the department of



insurance may waive the penalty if the renewal fee is received not more than thirty (30) days after the expiration date of the license.

- (f) A licensed insurance producer who is unable to comply with license renewal procedures due to military service or some other extenuating circumstance may request a waiver of the license renewal procedures. The producer may also request a waiver of any examination requirement or any other fine or sanction imposed for failure to comply with the license renewal procedures.
- (g) An insurance producer license shall contain the licensee's name, address, personal identification number, date of issuance, lines of authority, expiration date, and any other information the commissioner considers necessary.
- (h) A licensee shall inform the commissioner of a change of address not more than thirty (30) days after the change by any means acceptable to the commissioner. The failure of a licensee to timely inform the commissioner of a change in legal name or address shall result in a penalty under section 12 of this chapter.
- (i) To assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the commissioner may contract with nongovernmental entities, including the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC), or any affiliates or subsidiaries that the NAIC oversees, to perform ministerial functions, including the collection of fees related to producer licensing, that the commissioner and the nongovernmental entity consider appropriate.
- (j) The commissioner may participate, in whole or in part, with the NAIC or any affiliate or subsidiary of the NAIC in a centralized insurance producer license registry through which insurance producer licenses are centrally or simultaneously effected for states that require an insurance producer license and participate in the centralized insurance producer license registry. If the commissioner determines that participation in the centralized insurance producer license registry is in the public interest, the commissioner may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 specifying uniform standards and procedures that are necessary for participation in the registry, including standards and procedures for centralized license fee collection.

SECTION 38. IC 27-1-15.6-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 9. (a) An individual who applies for an insurance producer license in Indiana and who was previously licensed for the same lines of authority in another state is not required to complete any prelicensing education or examination. However, the exemption provided by this subsection is available only if:

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1	(1) the individual is currently licensed in the other state; or
2	(2) the application is received within ninety (90) days after the
3	cancellation of the applicant's previous license and:
4	(A) the other state issues a certification that, at the time of
5	cancellation, the applicant was in good standing in that state;
6	or
7	(B) the state's Producer Database records that are maintained
8	by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, its
9	affiliates, or its subsidiaries, indicate that the producer is or
0	was licensed in good standing for the line of authority
1	requested.
2	(b) If a person is licensed as an insurance producer in another state
3	and moves to Indiana, the person, to be authorized to act as an
4	insurance producer in Indiana, must make application to become a
5	resident licensee under section 6 of this chapter within ninety (90) days
6	after establishing legal residence in Indiana. However, the person is not
7	required to take prelicensing education or examination to obtain a
8	license for any line of authority for which the person held a license in
9	the other state unless the commissioner determines otherwise by rule.
20	(c) An individual who:
21	(1) has attained the designation of chartered life underwriter,
22	certified financial planner, or chartered financial consultant, or
23	another nationally recognized designation approved by the
24	commissioner or the National Association of Insurance
2.5	Commissioners; and
26	(2) applies for an insurance producer license in Indiana requesting
27	qualification under sections:
28	(A) $7(a)(1)$;
9	(B) $7(a)(2)$; or
0	(C) $7(a)(5)$;
1	of this chapter;
32	is not required to complete prelicensing education and is required to
3	take only the portion of the examination required under section 5(b) of
4	this chapter that pertains to Indiana laws and rules.
55	(d) An individual who: has:
6	(1) has attained the designation of chartered property and casualty
37	underwriter, certified insurance counselor, or accredited advisor
8	in insurance, or another nationally recognized designation
9	approved by the commissioner or the National Association of
0	Insurance Commissioners; and
1	(2) applies for an insurance producer license in Indiana requesting
12	qualification under sections:



1	(A) $7(a)(3)$;
2	(B) $7(a)(4)$; or
3	(C) $7(a)(6)$;
4	of this chapter;
5	is not required to complete prelicensing education and is required to
6	take only the portion of the examination required under section 5(b) of
7	this chapter that pertains to Indiana laws and rules.
8	(e) An individual who:
9	(1) has attained a bachelor's degree in insurance; and
10	(2) applies for an insurance producer license in Indiana
11	requesting qualification under section $7(a)(1)$ through $7(a)(6)$
12	of this chapter;
13	is not required to complete prelicensing education and is required
14	to take only the part of the examination required under section
15	5(b) of this chapter that pertains to Indiana laws and rules.
16	SECTION 39. IC 27-1-15.6-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.27-2007,
17	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 12. (a) For purposes of this section, "permanently
19	revoke" means that:
20	(1) the producer's license shall never be reinstated; and
21	(2) the former licensee, after the license revocation, is not eligible
22	to submit an application for a license to the department.
23	(b) The commissioner may reprimand, levy a civil penalty, place
24	an insurance producer on probation, suspend an insurance producer's
25	license, revoke an insurance producer's license for a period of years,
26	permanently revoke an insurance producer's license, or refuse to issue
27	or renew an insurance producer license, or take any combination of
28	these actions, for any of the following causes:
29	(1) Providing incorrect, misleading, incomplete, or materially
30	untrue information in a license application.
31	(2) Violating:
32	(A) an insurance law;
33	(B) a regulation;
34	(C) a subpoena of an insurance commissioner; or
35	(D) an order of an insurance commissioner;
36	of Indiana or of another state.
37	(3) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license through
38	misrepresentation or fraud.
39	(4) Improperly withholding, misappropriating, or converting any
40	monies or properties received in the course of doing insurance
41	business.
42	(5) Intentionally misrepresenting the terms of an actual or



1	proposed insurance contract or application for insurance.
2	(6) Having been convicted of a felony.
3	(7) Admitting to having committed or being found to have
4	committed any unfair trade practice or fraud in the business of
5	insurance.
6	(8) Using fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices, or
7	demonstrating incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial
8	irresponsibility in the conduct of business in Indiana or elsewhere.
9	(9) Having an insurance producer license, or its equivalent,
10	denied, suspended, or revoked in any other state, province,
11	district, or territory.
12	(10) Forging another's name to an application for insurance or to
13	any document related to an insurance transaction.
14	(11) Improperly using notes or any other reference material to
15	complete an examination for an insurance license.
16	(12) Knowingly accepting insurance business from an individual
17	who is not licensed.
18	(13) Failing to comply with an administrative or court order
19	imposing a child support obligation.
20	(14) Failing to pay state income tax or to comply with any
21	administrative or court order directing payment of state income
22	tax.
23	(15) Failing to satisfy the continuing education requirements
24	established by IC 27-1-15.7.
25	(16) Violating section 31 of this chapter.
26	(17) Failing to timely inform the commissioner of a change in
27	legal name or address, in violation of section 7(h) of this chapter.
28	(c) The commissioner shall refuse to:
29	(1) issue a license; or
30	(2) renew a license issued;
31	under this chapter to any person who is the subject of an order issued
32	by a court under IC 31-14-12-7 or IC 31-16-12-10 (or
33	IC 31-1-11.5-13(m) or IC 31-6-6.1-16(m) before their repeal).
34	(d) If the commissioner refuses to renew a license or denies an
35	application for a license, the commissioner shall notify the applicant or
36	licensee and advise the applicant or licensee, in a writing sent through
37	regular first class mail, of the reason for the denial of the applicant's
38	application or the nonrenewal of the licensee's license. The applicant
39	or licensee may, not more than sixty-three (63) days after notice of
40	denial of the applicant's application or nonrenewal of the licensee's
41	license is mailed, make written demand to the commissioner for a

hearing before the commissioner to determine the reasonableness of the



1	commissioner's action. The hearing shall be held not more than thirty
2	(30) days after the applicant or licensee makes the written demand, and
3	shall be conducted under IC 4-21.5.
4	(e) The license of a business entity may be suspended, revoked, or
5	refused if the commissioner finds, after hearing, that a violation of ar
6	individual licensee acting on behalf of the partnership or corporation
7	was known or should have been known by one (1) or more of the
8	partners, officers, or managers of the partnership or corporation and:
9	(1) the violation was not reported to the commissioner; and
10	(2) no corrective action was taken.
11	(f) In addition to or in lieu of any applicable denial, suspension, or
12	revocation of a license under subsection (b), a person may, after a
13	hearing, be subject to the imposition by the commissioner under
14	subsection (b) of a civil penalty of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) and
15	not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). A penalty imposed under
16	this subsection may be enforced in the same manner as a civi
17	judgement.
18	(g) A licensed insurance producer or limited lines producer shall
19	not more than ten (10) days after the producer receives a request in a
20	registered or certified letter from the commissioner, furnish the
21	commissioner with a full and complete report listing each insurer with
22	which the licensee has held an appointment during the year preceding
23	the request.
24	(h) If a licensee fails to provide the report requested under
25	subsection (g) not more than ten (10) days after the licensee receives
26	the request, the commissioner may, in the commissioner's sole
27	discretion, without a hearing, and in addition to any other sanctions
28	allowed by law, suspend any insurance license held by the licenses
29	pending receipt of the appointment report.
30	(i) The commissioner shall promptly notify all appointing insurers
31	and the licensee regarding any suspension, revocation, or termination
32	of a license by the commissioner under this section.
33	(j) The commissioner may not grant, renew, continue, or permit to
34	continue any license if the commissioner finds that the license is being
35	used or will be used by the applicant or licensee for the purpose of
36	writing controlled business. As used in this subsection, "controlled
37	business" means:
38	(1) insurance written on the interests of:
39	(A) the applicant or licensee;
40	(B) the applicant's or licensee's immediate family; or

(C) the applicant's or licensee's employer; or

(2) insurance covering:



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	(A) (1 1' (1'
1	(A) the applicant or licensee;
2 3	(B) members of the applicant's or licensee's immediate family;
<i>3</i>	Or (C) either
	(C) either:
5 6	(i) a corporation, limited liability company, association, or
	partnership; or
7 8	(ii) the officers, directors, substantial stockholders, partners, members, managers, employees of such a corporation,
9	limited liability company, association, or partnership;
10	of which the applicant or licensee or a member of the
11	applicant's or licensee's immediate family is an officer,
12	
13	director, substantial stockholder, partner, member, manager,
14	associate, or employee.
15	However, this section does not apply to insurance written or interests insured in connection with or arising out of credit transactions. A
16	license is considered to have been used or intended to be used for the
17	purpose of writing controlled business if the commissioner finds that
18	
19	during any twelve (12) month period the aggregate commissions earned
	from the controlled business exceeded twenty-five percent (25%) of the
20	aggregate commission earned on all business written by the applicant or licensee during the same period.
21	or needsee during the same beriod.
22	• •
22	(k) The commissioner has the authority to:
23	(k) The commissioner has the authority to:(1) enforce the provisions of; and
23 24	(k) The commissioner has the authority to:(1) enforce the provisions of; and(2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by;
23 24 25	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who
23 24 25 26	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or
23 24 25 26 27	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or
23 24 25 26 27 28	(k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (1) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2).
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (1) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (1) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in: (1) subsection (b)(4);
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in: (1) subsection (b)(4); (2) subsection (b)(7);
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (1) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in: (1) subsection (b)(4); (2) subsection (b)(7); (3) subsection (b)(8); or
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in: (1) subsection (b)(4); (2) subsection (b)(7); (3) subsection (b)(8); or (4) subsection (b)(16).
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in: (1) subsection (b)(4); (2) subsection (b)(7); (3) subsection (b)(8); or (4) subsection (b)(16). (n) The commissioner shall notify the securities commissioner
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	(k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (1) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in: (1) subsection (b)(4); (2) subsection (b)(7); (3) subsection (b)(8); or (4) subsection (b)(16). (n) The commissioner shall notify the securities commissioner appointed under IC 23-19-6-1(a) when an administrative action or civil
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (k) The commissioner has the authority to: (1) enforce the provisions of; and (2) impose any penalty or remedy authorized by; this chapter or any other provision of this title against any person who is under investigation for or charged with a violation of this chapter or any other provision of this title, even if the person's license or registration has been surrendered or has lapsed by operation of law. (l) For purposes of this section, the violation of any provision of IC 28 concerning the sale of a life insurance policy or an annuity contract shall be considered a violation described in subsection (b)(2). (m) The commissioner may order a licensee to make restitution if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed a violation described in: (1) subsection (b)(4); (2) subsection (b)(7); (3) subsection (b)(8); or (4) subsection (b)(16). (n) The commissioner shall notify the securities commissioner



1	SECTION 40. IC 27-1-15.7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2007,
2	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), to
4	renew a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6,
5	(1) a resident insurance producer must complete at least twenty
6	(20) a minimum number of hours of credit in continuing
7	education courses and
8	(2) a resident limited lines producer must complete at least five
9	(5) hours of credit in continuing education courses. determined
10	by the commissioner.
11	An attorney in good standing who is admitted to the practice of law in
12	Indiana and holds a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6 may complete all
13	or any number of hours of continuing education required by this
14	subsection by completing an equivalent number of hours in continuing
15	legal education courses that are related to the business of insurance.
16	(b) To renew a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6, a limited lines
17	producer with a title qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7(a)(8) must
18	complete at least seven (7) a minimum number of hours of credit in
19	continuing education courses determined by the commissioner and
20	related to the business of title insurance. with at least one (1) hour of
21	instruction in a structured setting or comparable self-study in each of
22	the following:
23	(1) Ethical practices in the marketing and selling of title
24	insurance.
25	(2) Title insurance underwriting.
26	(3) Escrow issues.
27	(4) Principles of the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures
28	Act (12 U.S.C. 2608).
29	An attorney in good standing who is admitted to the practice of law in
30	Indiana and holds a license issued under IC 27-1-15.6 with a title
31	qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7(a)(8) may complete all or any
32	number of hours of continuing education required by this subsection by
33	completing an equivalent number of hours in continuing legal
34	education courses related to the business of title insurance or any
35	aspect of real property law.
36	(c) The following insurance producers are not required to complete
37	continuing education courses to renew a license under this chapter:
38	(1) A limited lines producer who is licensed without examination
39	under IC 27-1-15.6-18(1) or IC 27-1-15.6-18(2).
40	(2) A limited line credit insurance producer.
41	(3) Before July 1, 2011, an insurance producer who:
42	(A) is at least seventy (70) years of age; and



1	(B) has been a licensed insurance producer continuously for at
2	least twenty (20) years immediately preceding the license
3	renewal date.
4	(d) To satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) or (b), a licensee
5	may use only those credit hours earned in continuing education courses
6	completed by the licensee:
7	(1) after the effective date of the licensee's last renewal of a
8	license under this chapter; or
9	(2) if the licensee is renewing a license for the first time, after the
10	date on which the licensee was issued the license under this
11	chapter.
12	(e) If an insurance producer receives qualification for a license in
13	more than one (1) line of authority under IC 27-1-15.6, the insurance
14	producer may not be required to complete a total of more than twenty
15	(20) the total number of hours of credit in continuing education
16	courses determined by the commissioner to renew the license.
17	(f) Except as provided in subsection (g), a licensee may receive
18	credit only for completing continuing education courses that have been
19	approved by the commissioner under section 4 of this chapter.
20	(g) A licensee who teaches a course approved by the commissioner
21	under section 4 of this chapter shall receive continuing education credit
22	for teaching the course.
23	(h) When a licensee renews a license issued under this chapter, the
24	licensee must submit:
25	(1) a continuing education statement that:
26	(A) is in a format authorized by the commissioner;
27	(B) is signed by the licensee under oath; and
28	(C) lists the continuing education courses completed by the
29	licensee to satisfy the continuing education requirements of
30	this section; and
31	(2) any other information required by the commissioner.
32	(i) A continuing education statement submitted under subsection (h)
33	may be reviewed and audited by the department.
34	(j) A licensee shall retain a copy of the original certificate of
35	completion received by the licensee for completion of a continuing
36	education course.
37	(k) A licensee who completes a continuing education course that:
38	(1) is approved by the commissioner under section 4 of this
39	chapter;
40	(2) is held in a classroom setting; and
41	(3) concerns ethics;
42	shall receive continuing education credit for the number of hours for



1	which the course is approved plus additional hours, not to exceed two	
2	(2) hours in a renewal period, equal to the number of hours for which	
3	the course is approved.	
4	SECTION 41. IC 27-1-15.7-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 5. (a) To qualify as a	
6	certified prelicensing course of study for purposes of IC 27-1-15.6-6,	
7	an insurance producer program of study must meet all of the following	
8	criteria:	
9	(1) Be conducted or developed by an:	
10	(A) insurance trade association;	
11	(B) accredited college or university;	
12	(C) educational organization certified by the insurance	
13	producer education and continuing education advisory council;	
14	or	
15	(D) insurance company licensed to do business in Indiana.	_
16	(2) Provide for self-study or instruction provided by an approved	
17	instructor in a structured setting, as follows:	
18	(A) For life insurance producers, not less than twenty-four (24)	
19	a minimum number of hours of instruction, determined by	
20	the commissioner, in a structured setting or comparable	
21	self-study on:	
22	(i) ethical practices in the marketing and selling of	
23	insurance;	
24	(ii) requirements of the insurance laws and administrative	_
25	rules of Indiana; and	
26	(iii) principles of life insurance.	_
27	(B) For health insurance producers, not less than twenty-four	
28	(24) a minimum number of hours of instruction, determined	Y
29	by the commissioner, in a structured setting or comparable	
30	self-study on:	
31	(i) ethical practices in the marketing and selling of	
32	insurance;	
33	(ii) requirements of the insurance laws and administrative	
34	rules of Indiana; and	
35	(iii) principles of health insurance.	
36	(C) For life and health insurance producers, not less than forty	
37	(40) a minimum number of hours of instruction, determined	
38	by the commissioner, in a structured setting or comparable	
39	self-study on:	
40	(i) ethical practices in the marketing and selling of	
41	insurance;	
42	(ii) requirements of the insurance laws and administrative	



1	rules of Indiana;	
2	(iii) principles of life insurance; and	
3	(iv) principles of health insurance.	
4	(D) For property and casualty insurance producers, not less	
5	than forty (40) a minimum number of hours of instruction,	
6	determined by the commissioner, in a structured setting or	
7	comparable self-study on:	
8	(i) ethical practices in the marketing and selling of	
9	insurance;	
10	(ii) requirements of the insurance laws and administrative	4
11	rules of Indiana;	
12	(iii) principles of property insurance; and	`
13	(iv) principles of liability insurance.	
14	(E) For personal lines producers, a minimum number of	
15	twenty-four (24) hours of instruction, determined by the	
16	commissioner, in a structured setting or comparable self-study	4
17	on:	
18	(i) ethical practices in the marketing and selling of	
19	insurance;	
20	(ii) requirements of the insurance laws and administrative	
21	rules of Indiana; and	
22	(iii) principles of property and liability insurance applicable	
23	to coverages sold to individuals and families for primarily	
24	noncommercial purposes.	
25	(F) For title insurance producers, not less than ten (10) a	
26	minimum number of hours of instruction, determined by the	
27	commissioner, in a structured setting or comparable self-study	1
28	on:	·
29	(i) ethical practices in the marketing and selling of title	1
30	insurance;	
31	(ii) requirements of the insurance laws and administrative	
32	rules of Indiana;	
33	(iii) principles of title insurance, including underwriting and	
34	escrow issues; and	
35	(iv) principles of the federal Real Estate Settlement	
36	Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. 2608).	
37	(3) Instruction provided in a structured setting must be provided	
38	only by individuals who meet the qualifications established by the	
39	commissioner under subsection (b).	
40	(b) The commissioner, after consulting with the insurance producer	
41	education and continuing education advisory council, shall adopt rules	
42	under IC 4-22-2 prescribing the criteria that a person must meet to	



render	instruction	in a	certified	prelicensing	course	of study.

- (c) The commissioner shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 prescribing the subject matter that an insurance producer program of study must cover to qualify for certification as a certified prelicensing course of study under this section.
- (d) The commissioner may make recommendations that the commissioner considers necessary for improvements in course materials.
- (e) The commissioner shall designate a program of study that meets the requirements of this section as a certified prelicensing course of study for purposes of IC 27-1-15.6-6.
- (f) The commissioner may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, withdraw the certification of a course of study that does not maintain reasonable standards, as determined by the commissioner for the protection of the public.
- (g) Current course materials for a prelicensing course of study that is certified under this section must be submitted to the commissioner upon request, but not less frequently than once every three (3) years.

SECTION 42. IC 27-1-17-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3. No foreign or alien insurance company shall be admitted to do business in this state having a name which, at the date of such admission, could not be taken by a domestic corporation under the provisions of IC 27-1-6-3, except that the name of a foreign or alien insurance company need not include the word "company", "corporation", "incorporated", or "mutual", or one (1) of the abbreviations thereof, nor the word "insurance" or the word "assurance" provided the name of such company is authorized by the laws of the state or territory of its organization or domicile and provided such name does not negate the characteristic of such company as an insurance company. No such foreign or alien insurance company after it has been admitted shall, by amendment to its charter, assume any name which, at the date of the filing of such amendment as provided in this chapter, could not be taken by a domestic corporation under the provisions of IC 27-1-6-3.

SECTION 43. IC 27-1-17-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2006, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 4. Whenever a foreign or an alien insurance company desires to be admitted to do an insurance business in this state, it shall execute in the English language and present the following to the department, at its office, accompanied by the fees prescribed by law:

(1) A copy of its articles of incorporation or association, with all



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1	amendments thereto, duly authenticated by the proper officer of
2	the state, country, province, or government wherein it is
3	incorporated or organized, or the state in which it is domiciled in
4	the United States.
5	(2) An application for admission, executed in the manner
6	provided in this chapter, setting forth:
7	(A) the name of such company;
8	(B) the location of its principal office or place of business
9	without this state;
10	(C) the names of the states in which it has been admitted or
11	qualified to do business;
12	(D) the character of insurance business under its articles of
13	incorporation or association which it intends to transact in this
14	state, which must conform to the class or classes set forth in
15	the provisions of IC 27-1-5-1;
16	(E) the total authorized capital stock of the company and the
17	amount thereof issued and outstanding, and the surplus
18	required of such company by the laws of the state, country,
19	province, or government under which it is organized, or the
20	state in which it is domiciled in the United States, if a stock
21	company, which shall equal at least the requirements set forth
22	in section 5(a) of this chapter;
23	(F) the total amount of assets and the surplus of assets over all
24	its liabilities, if other than a stock company, which shall equal
25	at least the requirements set forth in section 5(b) of this
26	chapter;
27	(G) if an alien company, the surplus of assets invested
28	according to the laws of the state in the United States where it
29	has its deposit, which shall equal at least the requirements set
30	forth in section 5(c) of this chapter; and
31	(H) such further and additional information as the department
32	may from time to time require.
33	The application shall be signed, in duplicate in the form
34	prescribed by the department, by the president or a vice president
35	and the secretary or an assistant secretary of the corporation, and
36	verified under oath by the officers signing the same.
37	(3) A statement of its financial condition and business, in the form
38	prescribed by law for annual statements, signed and sworn to by
39	the president or secretary or other principal officers of the
40	company; provided, however, that an alien company shall also
41	furnish a separate statement comprising only its condition and
42	business in the United States, which shall be signed and sworn to



bv	its	United	States	manager.

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- (4) A copy of the last report of examination certified to by the insurance commissioner or other proper supervisory official of the state in which such company is domiciled; provided, however, that the commissioner may cause an examination to be made of the condition and affairs of such company before authority to transact business in this state is given.
- (5) A certificate from the proper official of the state, country, province, or government wherein it is incorporated or organized, or the state in which it is domiciled in the United States, that it is duly organized or incorporated under those laws and authorized to make the kind or kinds of insurance which it proposes to make in this state.
- (6) A copy of its bylaws or regulations, if any, certified to by the secretary or similar officer of the insurance company.
- (7) A duly executed power of attorney in a form prescribed by the department which constitutes and appoints an individual or a corporate resident of Indiana, or an authorized Indiana insurer, as the insurance company's agent, its true and lawful attorney upon whom, except as provided in section 4.2 of this chapter, all lawful processes in any action in law or in equity against it shall be served. Such power of attorney shall contain an agreement by the insurance company that any lawful process against it which may be served upon the agent as its attorney shall be of the same force and validity as if served upon the insurance company and that such power of attorney shall continue in force and be irrevocable so long as any liability of the insurance company remains outstanding in this state. Such power of attorney shall be executed by the president and secretary of the insurance company or other duly authorized officers under its seal and shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the resolution of the board of directors of the company making said appointment and authorizing the execution of said power of attorney. Service of any lawful process shall be by delivering to and leaving with the agent two (2) copies of such process, with copy of the pertinent complaint attached. The agent shall forthwith transmit to the defendant company at its last known principal place of business by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, one (1) of the copies of such process, with complaint attached, the other copy to be retained in a record which shall show all process served upon and transmitted by him. Such service shall be sufficient provided the returned receipt or, if the defendant company shall refuse to accept such











mailing, the registered mail together with an affidavit of plaintiff or his attorney stating that service was made upon the agent and forwarded as above set forth but that such mail was returned by the post office department is filed with the court. The agent shall make information and receipts available to plaintiff, defendant, or their attorneys. No plaintiff or complainant shall be entitled to a judgment by default based on service authorized by this section until the expiration of at least thirty (30) days from the date on which either the post office receipt or the unclaimed mail together with affidavit is filed with the court. Nothing in this section shall limit or abridge the right to serve any process, notice, or demand upon any company in any other manner permitted by law.

(8) Proof which satisfies the department that it has complied with the financial requirements imposed in this chapter upon foreign and alien insurance companies which transact business in this state and that it is entitled to public confidence and that its admission to transact business in this state will not be prejudicial to public interest.

SECTION 44. IC 27-1-18-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 4. (a) Any foreign or alien corporation admitted to do business in this state may alter or enlarge the character of the business which it is authorized to transact in this state under its articles of incorporation or association, and any amendments thereof filed with the department as provided in section 3 of this chapter, by procuring an amended certificate of authority from the department in the manner provided in subsection (b).

- (b) Whenever a foreign or alien corporation desires to procure such amended certificate, it shall present to the department at its office, accompanied by the fees prescribed by law, an application for an amended certificate of authority, setting forth the change desired in the kind or kinds of insurance business under its articles of incorporation or association which it intends to thereafter carry on in this state; the application shall be filed in duplicate in the form prescribed by the department by the president or a vice president and the secretary or an assistant secretary of the corporation, and verified by the oaths of the officers signing the same.
- (c) Upon the presentation of such application, accompanied by the corporation's certificate of authority, the department, if it find finds that it conforms to law and that the foreign or alien company has fulfilled the requirements set forth in subsection (b) and in section 3 of this chapter, may endorse its approval upon each of the duplicate copies of the application, and, in case of the approval of such application and











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when all fees required by law shall have been paid, shall file one (1) copy of the application in its office, cancel the certificate of authority presented with the application, and issue to the corporation a new certificate of authority, which certificate shall set forth the kind or kinds of business that the corporation is authorized thereafter to transact in this state, which shall be accompanied by one (1) copy of the application bearing the endorsement of the approval of the department.

(d) Upon the issuance of the new certificate of authority by the department, the corporation therein named shall have authority thereafter to transact in this state the kind or kinds of insurance business set forth in such certificate, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in this article.

SECTION 45. IC 27-1-20-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 8. (a) As used in this section:

"Securities" means instruments as defined in IC 26-1-8.1-102.

"Broker dealer" means an entity that:

- (1) is registered with and subject to the jurisdiction of the Securities and Exchange Commission;
- (2) maintains membership in the Securities Investor Protection Corporation; and
- (3) has a tangible net worth of at least two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000).

"Clearing corporation" means a corporation as defined in IC 26-1-8.1-102 except that with respect to securities issued by institutions organized or existing under the laws of any foreign country or securities used to meet the deposit requirements pursuant to the laws of a foreign country as a condition of doing business therein. "Clearing corporation" may include a corporation organized or existing under the laws of any foreign country and which is legally qualified under such laws to effect transactions in securities by computerized book entry.

"Direct participant" means a bank, trust company, or safety deposit company approved by the commissioner which maintains an account in its name in a clearing corporation and through which an insurance company participates in a clearing corporation.

"Federal Reserve book-entry system" means the computerized systems sponsored by the United States Department of the Treasury and certain agencies and instrumentalities of the United States for holding and transferring securities of the United States government and such agencies and instrumentalities, respectively, in Federal Reserve Banks through banks which are members of the Federal Reserve

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System, or which otherwise have access to such computerized systems.

"Member bank" means a national bank, state bank, or trust company which is a member of the Federal Reserve System and through which an insurance company participates in the Federal Reserve book-entry system.

"Securities" means instruments as defined in IC 26-1-8.1-102.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a domestic insurance company may deposit or arrange for the safekeeping of securities held in or purchased for its general account and its separate accounts in a clearing corporation or the Federal Reserve book-entry system. When securities are deposited with a clearing corporation, certificates representing securities of the same class of the same issuer may be merged and held in bulk in the name of the nominee of such clearing corporation with any other securities deposited with such clearing corporation by any person, regardless of the ownership of such securities, and certificates representing securities of small denominations may be merged into one (1) or more certificates of larger denominations. The records of any member bank or broker dealer through which an insurance company holds securities in the Federal Reserve book-entry system, and the records of any custodian through which an insurance company holds securities in a clearing corporation, shall at all times show that such securities are held for such insurance company and for which accounts thereof. Ownership of, and other interests in, such securities may be transferred by bookkeeping entry on the books of such clearing corporation or in the Federal Reserve book-entry system without, in either case, physical delivery of certificates representing such securities.
- (c) Any Indiana law requiring an insurance company operating under the laws of Indiana to deposit assets with the department shall be deemed complied with if such deposit is made pursuant to a written agreement between the insurance company and any bank, trust company or a safety deposit company and approved by the commissioner which limits withdrawals to those sanctioned and approved by the department. Deposits so made shall be credited by the department as deposits in its possession on the basis of the insurance company's affidavit describing such deposits as to amount and nature.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, securities eligible for deposit under the insurance law of this state relating to deposit of securities by an insurance company as a condition of commencing or continuing to do an insurance business in this state may be deposited with a clearing corporation or held in the Federal Reserve book-entry system. Securities deposited with a clearing corporation or held in the



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Federal Reserve book-entry system and used to meet the deposit requirements under the insurance laws of this state shall be under the control of the commissioner and shall not be withdrawn by the insurance company without the approval of the commissioner. Any insurance company holding such securities in such manner shall provide to the commissioner evidence issued by its custodian or a member bank through which such insurance company has deposited securities with a clearing corporation or held in the Federal Reserve book-entry system, respectively, in order to establish that the securities are actually recorded in an account in the name of the custodian or other direct participant or member bank and evidence that the records of the custodian, other participant, or member bank reflect that such securities are held subject to the order of the commissioner.

(e) The commissioner of insurance is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations governing the deposit by insurance companies of securities with clearing corporations and in the Federal Reserve book-entry system.

SECTION 46. IC 27-1-23-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 4. (a) Material transactions within an insurance holding company system to which an insurer subject to registration is a party shall be subject to the following standards:

- (1) The terms shall be fair and reasonable.
- (2) The charges or fees for services performed shall be reasonable.
- (3) The expenses incurred for any payment received shall be allocated to the insurer in conformity with customary insurance accounting practices consistently applied.
- (4) The books, accounts, and records of each party as to all transactions described in this subsection shall be so maintained as to clearly and accurately disclose the precise nature and details of the transactions, including accounting information necessary to support the reasonableness of the charges or fees to the respective parties.
- (5) The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders following any transactions with affiliates or shareholder dividend shall be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
- (b) The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person in its insurance holding company system may not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into such transaction at least thirty (30) days prior











2.8

1	thereto, or such shorter period as the commissioner may permit, and the	
2	commissioner has not disapproved it within that period:	
3	(1) Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit,	
4	guarantees, or investments, provided those transactions are equal	
5	to or exceed:	
6	(A) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent	
7	(3%) of the insurer's admitted assets or twenty-five percent	
8	(25%) of surplus as regards policyholders; and	
9	(B) with respect to life insurers, three percent (3%) of the	4
10	insurer's admitted assets;	
11	each as of December 31 next preceding.	
12	(2) Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an	
13	affiliate, where the insurer makes those loans or extensions of	
14	credit with the agreement or understanding that the proceeds of	
15	such transactions, in whole or in substantial part, are to be used	4
16	to make loans or extensions of credit to, to purchase assets of, or	
17	to make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer making such	
18	loans or extensions of credit, provided those transactions are	
19	equal to or exceed:	
20	(A) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent	
21	(3%) of the insurer's admitted assets or twenty-five percent	
22	(25%) of surplus as regards policyholders; and	
23	(B) with respect to life insurers, three percent (3%) of the	
24	insurer's admitted assets;	
25	each as of December 31 next preceding.	
26	(3) Reinsurance agreements or modifications thereto in which the	
27	amount of cash or invested assets transferred by the insurer equals	
28	or exceeds five percent (5%) of the insurer's surplus as regards	
29	policyholders, as of December 31 next preceding, including those	
30	agreements that may require as consideration the transfer of assets	
31	from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an agreement or understanding	
32	exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any portion of the	
33	assets will be transferred to one (1) or more affiliates of the	
34	insurer.	
35	(4) Management agreements, service contracts, and cost-sharing	
36	arrangements, lease agreements, and tax allocation	
37	agreements.	
38	(5) Material transactions, specified by rule, that the commissioner	
39	determines may adversely affect the interests of the insurer's	
40	policyholders.	
41	This subsection does not authorize or permit any transactions that, in	
42	the case of an insurer not a member of the same insurance holding	



1	company system, would be otherwise contrary to law.
2	(c) A domestic insurer may not enter into transactions that are part
3	of a plan or series of like transactions with persons within the insurance
4	holding company system if the purpose of those separate transactions
5	is to avoid the statutory threshold amount and thus avoid the review
6	that would occur otherwise.
7	(d) The commissioner, in reviewing transactions pursuant to
8	subsection (b), shall consider whether the transactions comply with the
9	standards set forth in subsection (a) and whether the transactions may
10	adversely affect the interests of policyholders.
11	(e) The commissioner shall be notified within thirty (30) days of any
12	investment of the domestic insurer in any one (1) corporation if the
13	total investment in that corporation by the insurance holding company
14	system exceeds ten percent (10%) of the corporation's voting securities.
15	(f) For purposes of this chapter, in determining whether an insurer's
16	surplus is reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities
17	and adequate to its financial needs, the following factors, among others,
18	shall be considered:
19	(1) The size of the insurer as measured by its assets, capital and
20	surplus, reserves, premium writings, insurance in force and other
21	appropriate criteria.
22	(2) The extent to which the insurer's business is diversified among
23	the several lines of insurance.
24	(3) The number and size of risks insured in each line of business.
25	(4) The extent of the geographical dispersion of the insurer's
26	insured risks.
27	(5) The nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance program.
28	(6) The quality, diversification, and liquidity of the insurer's
29	investment portfolio.
30	(7) The recent past and projected future trend in the size of the
31	insurer's surplus as regards policyholders.
32	(8) The surplus as regards policyholders maintained by other
33	comparable insurers in respect of the factors described in
34	subdivisions (1) through (7).
35	(9) The adequacy of the insurer's reserves.
36	(10) The quality and liquidity of investments in subsidiaries,
37	except that the commissioner may discount or treat any such
38	investment in subsidiaries as a disallowed asset for purposes of
39	determining the adequacy of surplus whenever in his judgment
40	such investment so warrants.
41	(11) The quality of the earnings of the insurer and the extent to
42	which the reported earnings of the insurer include extraordinary



1	items.
2	(g) No domestic insurer subject to registration under section 3 of
3	this chapter shall pay an extraordinary dividend or make any other
4	extraordinary distribution to its security holders until:
5	(1) thirty (30) days after the commissioner has received notice of
6	the declaration thereof and has not within such period
7	disapproved such payment; or
8	(2) the commissioner shall have approved such payment within
9	such thirty (30) day period.
10	(h) For purposes of subsection (g), an extraordinary dividend or
11	distribution is any dividend or distribution of cash or other property
12	whose fair market value, together with that of other dividends or
13	distributions made within the twelve (12) consecutive months ending
14	on the date on which the proposed dividend or distribution is scheduled
15	to be made, exceeds the greater of:
16	(1) ten percent (10%) of such insurer's surplus as regards
17	policyholders as of the most recently preceding December 31; or
18	(2) the net gain from operations of such insurer, if such insurer is
19	a life insurer, or the net income, if such insurer is not a life
20	insurer, for the twelve (12) month period ending on the most
21	recently preceding December 31.
22	(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a domestic insurer
23	may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribution which is
24	conditional upon the commissioner's approval thereof, but such a
25	declaration shall confer no rights upon shareholders until:
26	(1) the commissioner has approved the payment of such dividend
27	or distribution; or
28	(2) the commissioner has not disapproved the payment within the
29	thirty (30) day period referred to in subsection (g).
30	SECTION 47. IC 27-1-25-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 1. As used in this
32	chapter:
33	(a) "Administrator" except as provided in section 7.5 of this chapter,
34	means a person who directly or indirectly and on behalf of an insurer
35	underwrites, collects charges or premiums from, or adjusts or settles
36	claims on residents of Indiana in connection with life, annuity, or
37	health coverage offered or provided by an insurer. The term
38	"administrator" does not include the following persons:
39	(1) An employer or a wholly owned direct or indirect subsidiary
40	of an employer acting on behalf of the employees of:
41	(A) the employer;
42	(B) the subsidiary; or



1	(C) an affiliated corporation of the employer.	
2	(2) A union acting for its members.	
3	(3) An insurer.	
4	(4) An insurance producer:	
5	(A) that is licensed under IC 27-1-15.6;	
6	(B) that has:	
7	(i) a life; or	
8	(ii) an accident and health or sickness;	
9	qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7; and	
10	(C) whose activities are limited exclusively to the sale of	
11	insurance.	
12	(5) A creditor acting for its debtors regarding insurance covering	
13	a debt between them.	
14	(6) A trust established under 29 U.S.C. 186 and the trustees,	
15	agents, and employees acting pursuant to that trust.	
16	(7) A trust that is exempt from taxation under Section 501(a) of	
17	the Internal Revenue Code and:	
18	(A) the trustees and employees acting pursuant to that trust; or	
19	(B) a custodian and the agents and employees of the custodian	
20	acting pursuant to a custodian account that meets the	
21	requirements of Section 401(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.	
22	(8) A financial institution that is subject to supervision or	
23	examination by federal or state banking authorities to the extent	
24	that the financial institution collects and remits premiums to an	_
25	insurance producer or an authorized insurer in connection with a	
26	loan payment.	
27	(9) A credit card issuing company that:	
28	(A) advances for; and	T Y
29	(B) collects from, when a credit card holder authorizes the	
30	collection;	
31	credit card holders of the credit card issuing company, insurance	
32	premiums or charges.	
33	(10) A person that adjusts or settles claims in the normal course	
34	of the person's practice or employment as an attorney at law and	
35	that does not collect charges or premiums in connection with life,	
36	annuity, or health coverage.	
37	(11) A health maintenance organization that has a certificate of	
38	authority issued under IC 27-13.	
39	(12) A limited service health maintenance organization that has	
40	a certificate of authority issued under IC 27-13.	
41	(13) A mortgage lender to the extent that the mortgage lender	
42	collects and remits premiums to an insurance producer or an	



1	authorized insurer in connection with a loan payment.
2	(14) A person that:
3	(A) is licensed as a managing general agent as required under
4	IC 27-1-33; and
5	(B) acts exclusively within the scope of activities provided for
6	under the license referred to in clause (A).
7	(15) A person that:
8	(A) directly or indirectly underwrites, collects charges or
9	premiums from, or adjusts or settles claims on residents of
10	Indiana in connection with life, annuity, or health coverage
11	provided by an insurer;
12	(B) is affiliated with the insurer; and
13	(C) performs the duties specified in clause (A) only according
14	to a contract between the person and the insurer for the direct
15	and assumed life, annuity, or health coverage provided by the
16	insurer.
17	(b) "Affiliate" means an entity or a person that:
18	(1) directly or indirectly through an intermediary controls or is
19	controlled by; or
20	(2) is under common control with;
21	a specified entity or person.
22	(c) "Church plan" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-8-10-1.
23	(d) "Commissioner" refers to the insurance commissioner appointed
24	under IC 27-1-1-2.
25	(e) "Control" means the direct or indirect possession of the power
26	to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a
27	person, whether:
28	(1) through ownership of voting securities;
29	(2) by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or
30	nonmanagement services; or
31	(3) otherwise;
32	unless the power is the result of an official position with the person or
33	a corporate office held by the person. Control is presumed to exist if a
34	person directly or indirectly owns, controls, holds with the power to
35	vote, or holds proxies representing not less than ten percent (10%) of
36	the voting securities of another person.
37	(f) "Covered individual" means an individual who is covered under
38	a benefit program provided by an insurer.
39	(g) "Financial institution" means a bank, savings association, credit
40	union, or any other institution regulated under IC 28 or federal law.
41	(h) "GAAP" refers to consistently applied United States generally
42	accepted accounting principles.



1	(i) "Governmental plan" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-8-10-1.
2	(j) "Home state" means the District of Columbia or any state or
3	territory of the United States in which an administrator is incorporated
4	or maintains the administrator's principal place of business. If the place
5	in which the administrator is incorporated or maintains the
6	administrator's principal place of business is not governed by a law that
7	is substantially similar to this chapter, the administrator's home state is
8	another state:
9	(1) in which the administrator conducts the business of the
0	administrator; and
1	(2) that the administrator declares is the administrator's home
2	state.
3	(k) "Insurance producer" has the meaning set forth in
4	IC 27-1-15.6-2.
.5	(l) "Insurer" means:
6	(1) a person who obtains a certificate of authority under:
7	(A) IC 27-1-3-20;
8	(B) IC 27-13-3; or
9	(C) IC 27-13-34; or
20	(2) an employer that provides life, health, or annuity coverage in
21	Indiana under a governmental plan or a church plan.
22	(m) "NAIC" refers to the National Association of Insurance
23	Commissioners.
24	(n) "Negotiate" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.
25	(o) "Nonresident administrator" means a person that applies for or
26	holds a license under section 12.2 of this chapter.
27	(p) "Person" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.
28	(q) "Sell" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.
29	(r) "Solicit" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-15.6-2.
30	(s) "Underwrite" refers to the:
31	(1) acceptance of a group application or an individual application
32	for coverage of an individual in accordance with the written rules
3	of the insurer; or
34	(2) planning and coordination of a benefit program provided by
55	an insurer.
66	(t) "Uniform application" means the current version of the NAIC
37	uniform application for third party administrators.
88	SECTION 48. IC 27-1-25-11.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 11.1. (a) If the home
10	state of a person is Indiana, the person shall:
1	(1) apply to act as an administrator in Indiana upon the uniform
12	application; and



1	(2) pay an application fee in an amount determined by the	
2	commissioner; and	
4	(2) (3) receive a license from the commissioner; before performing the function of an administrator in Indiana. The	
5	commissioner shall deposit a fee paid under subdivision (2) into the	
	department of insurance fund established by IC 27-1-3-28.	
6 7	(b) The uniform application must include or be accompanied by the	
8	following:	
9	(1) Basic organizational documents of the applicant, including:	
10	(A) articles of incorporation;	
11	(B) articles of association;	
12	(C) partnership agreement;	
13	(D) trade name certificate;	
14	(E) trust agreement;	
15	(F) shareholder agreement;	
16	(G) other applicable documents; and	
17	(H) amendments to the documents specified in clauses (A)	
18	through (G).	
19	(2) Bylaws, rules, regulations, or other documents that regulate	
20	the internal affairs of the applicant.	
21	(3) The NAIC biographical affidavits for individuals who are	
22	responsible for the conduct of affairs of the applicant, including:	
23	(A) members of the applicant's:	
24	(i) board of directors;	
25	(ii) board of trustees;	
26	(iii) executive committee; or	
27	(iv) other governing board or committee;	
28	(B) principal officers, if the applicant is a corporation;	V
29	(C) partners or members, if the applicant is:	
30	(i) a partnership;	
31	(ii) an association; or	
32	(iii) a limited liability company;	
33	(D) shareholders or members that hold, directly or indirectly,	
34	at least ten percent (10%) of the:	
35	(i) voting stock;	
36	(ii) voting securities; or	
37	(iii) voting interest;	
38	of the applicant; and	
39	(E) any other person who exercises control or influence over	
40	the affairs of the applicant.	
41	(4) Financial information reflecting a positive net worth,	
42	including:	



1	(A) audited annual financial statements prepared by an	
2	independent certified public accountant for the two (2) most	
3	recent fiscal years; or	
4	(B) if the applicant has been in business for less than two (2)	
5	fiscal years, financial statements or reports that are:	
6	(i) prepared in accordance with GAAP; and	
7	(ii) certified by an officer of the applicant;	
8	for any completed fiscal years and for any month during the	
9	current fiscal year for which financial statements or reports	
.0	have been completed.	
1	If an audited financial statement or report required under clause	
2	(A) or (B) is prepared on a consolidated basis, the statement or	
.3	report must include a columnar consolidating or combining	
4	worksheet that includes the amounts shown on the consolidated	
5	audited financial statement or report, separately reported on the	
6	worksheet for each entity included on the statement or report, and	
7	an explanation of consolidating and eliminating entries.	
8	(5) Information determined by the commissioner to be necessary	
9	for a review of the current financial condition of the applicant.	
20	(6) A description of the business plan of the applicant, including:	
21	(A) information on staffing levels and activities proposed in	
22	Indiana and nationwide; and	
23	(B) details concerning the applicant's ability to provide a	
24	sufficient number of experienced and qualified personnel for:	
25	(i) claims processing;	
26	(ii) record keeping; and	
27	(iii) underwriting.	
28	(7) Any other information required by the commissioner.	
29	(c) An administrator that applies for licensure under this section	
0	shall make copies of written agreements with insurers available for	
31	inspection by the commissioner.	
32	(d) An administrator that applies for licensure under this section	
33	shall:	
34	(1) produce the administrator's accounts, records, and files for	
55	examination; and	
66	(2) make the administrator's officers available to provide	
37	information concerning the affairs of the administrator;	
8	whenever reasonably required by the commissioner.	
9	(e) The commissioner may refuse to issue a license under this	
10	section if the commissioner determines that:	
1	(1) the administrator or an individual who is responsible for the	
12	conduct of the affairs of the administrator:	



1	(A) is not:	
2	(i) competent;	
3	(ii) trustworthy;	
4	(iii) financially responsible; or	
5	(iv) of good personal and business reputation; or	
6	(B) has had an:	
7	(i) insurance certificate of authority or insurance license; or	
8	(ii) administrator certificate of authority or administrator	
9	license;	
0	denied or revoked for cause by any jurisdiction;	
1	(2) the financial information provided under subsection (b)(4)	
2	does not reflect that the applicant has a positive net worth; or	
.3	(3) any of the grounds set forth in section 12.4 of this chapter	
4	exists with respect to the administrator.	
.5	(f) An administrator that applies for a license under this section	_
6	shall immediately notify the commissioner of a material change in:	
.7	(1) the ownership or control of the administrator; or	
. 8	(2) another fact or circumstance that affects the administrator's	
9	qualification for a license.	
20	The commissioner, upon receiving notice under this subsection, shall	
21	report the change to an electronic data base maintained by the NAIC or	
22	an affiliate or a subsidiary of the NAIC.	
23	(g) An administrator that applies for a license under this section and	
24	will administer a governmental plan or a church plan shall obtain a	
25	bond as required under section 4(g) of this chapter.	
26	(h) A license that is issued under this section is valid:	_
27	(1) for one (1) year after the date of issuance; or	
28	(2) until:	
29	(1) (A) the license is:	
30	(A) (i) surrendered; or	
31	(B) (ii) suspended or revoked by the commissioner; or	
32	(2) (B) the administrator:	
33	(A) (i) ceases to do business in Indiana; or	
34	(B) (ii) is not in compliance with this chapter;	
55	whichever occurs first.	
56	SECTION 49. IC 27-1-25-12.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2007,	
57	SECTION 191, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 12.2. (a) An administrator that:	
19	(1) performs the duties of an administrator in Indiana; and	
10	(2) does not hold a license issued under section 11.1 of this	
1	chapter;	
12	shall obtain a nonresident administrator license under this section by	



1	filing a uniform application, accompanied by an application fee in an
2	amount determined by the commissioner, with the commissioner.
3	The commissioner shall deposit a fee paid under this subsection
4	into the department of insurance fund established by IC 27-1-3-28.
5	(b) Unless the commissioner verifies the nonresident administrator's
6	home state license status through an electronic data base maintained by
7	the NAIC or by an affiliate or a subsidiary of the NAIC, a uniform
8	application filed under subsection (a) must be accompanied by a letter
9	of certification from the nonresident administrator's home state,
.0	verifying that the nonresident administrator holds a resident
.1	administrator license in the home state.
. 2	(c) A nonresident administrator is not eligible for a nonresident
.3	administrator license under this section unless the nonresident
.4	administrator is licensed as a resident administrator in a home state that
.5	has a law or regulation that is substantially similar to this chapter.
.6	(d) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (h), the commissioner
.7	shall issue a nonresident administrator license to a nonresident
. 8	administrator that makes a filing under subsections (a) and (b) upon
.9	receipt of the filing.
20	(e) Unless a nonresident administrator is notified by the
21	commissioner that the commissioner is able to verify the nonresident
22	administrator's home state licensure through an electronic data base
23	described in subsection (b), the nonresident administrator shall:
24	(1) on September 15 of each year, file a renewal application and
25	a statement with the commissioner affirming that the nonresident
26	administrator maintains a current license in the nonresident
27	administrator's home state; and
28	(2) pay to the commissioner a filing fee as required in an
29	amount determined by the commissioner.
50	The commissioner shall collect deposit a filing fee required paid under
31	subdivision (2) and deposit the fee into the department of insurance
32	fund established by IC 27-1-3-28.
33	(f) A nonresident administrator that applies for licensure under this section shall:
34	***************************************
35	(1) produce the accounts of the nonresident administrator;
56	(2) produce the records and files of the nonresident administrator
57	for examination; and
8	(3) make the officers of the nonresident administrator available to
10	provide information with respect to the affairs of the nonresident
10	administrator;
∤1 ∤2	when reasonably required by the commissioner.
14	(g) A nonresident administrator is not required to hold a nonresident



1	administrator license in Indiana if the nonresident administrator's	
2	function in Indiana is limited to the administration of life, health, or	
3	annuity coverage for a total of not more than one hundred (100) Indiana	
4	residents.	
5	(h) The commissioner may refuse to issue or may delay the issuance	
6	of a nonresident administrator license if the commissioner determines	
7	that:	
8	(1) due to events occurring; or	
9	(2) based on information obtained;	
10	after the nonresident administrator's home state's licensure of the	
11	nonresident administrator, the nonresident administrator is unable to	
12	comply with this chapter or grounds exist for the home state's	
13	revocation or suspension of the nonresident administrator's home state	
14	license.	
15	(i) If the commissioner makes a determination described in	
16	subsection (h), the commissioner:	
17	(1) shall provide written notice of the determination to the	
18	insurance regulator of the nonresident administrator's home state;	
19	and	
20	(2) may delay the issuance of a nonresident administrator license	
21	to the nonresident administrator until the commissioner	
22	determines that the nonresident administrator is able to comply	
23	with this chapter and that grounds do not exist for the home state's	
24	revocation or suspension of the nonresident administrator's home	
25	state license.	
26	SECTION 50. IC 27-1-25-12.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2007,	
27	SECTION 192, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	,
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 12.3. (a) An administrator that is	
29	licensed under section 11.1 of this chapter shall, not later than July 1	
30	of each year unless the commissioner grants an extension of time for	
31	good cause, file a report for the previous calendar year that complies	
32	with the following:	
33	(1) The report must contain financial information reflecting a	
34	positive net worth prepared in accordance with section 11.1(b)(4)	
35	of this chapter.	
36	(2) The report must be in the form and contain matters prescribed	
37	by the commissioner.	
38	(3) The report must be verified by at least two (2) officers of the	
39	administrator.	
40	(4) The report must include the complete names and addresses of	
41	insurers with which the administrator had a written agreement	
42	during the preceding fiscal year.	



1	(5) The report must be accompanied by a filing fee in an amount	
2	determined by the commissioner.	
3	The commissioner shall collect a filing fee paid under subdivision (5)	
4	and deposit the fee into the department of insurance fund established	
5	by IC 27-1-3-28.	
6	(b) The commissioner shall review a report filed under subsection	
7	(a) not later than September 1 of the year in which the report is filed.	
8	Upon completion of the review, the commissioner shall:	
9	(1) issue a certification to the administrator:	
10	(A) indicating that:	
11	(i) the financial statement reflects a positive net worth; and	
12	(ii) the administrator is currently licensed and in good	
13	standing; or	
14	(B) noting deficiencies found in the report; or	
15	(2) update an electronic data base that is maintained by the NAIC	
16	or by an affiliate or a subsidiary of the NAIC:	
17	(A) indicating that the administrator is solvent and in	
18	compliance with this chapter; or	
19	(B) noting deficiencies found in the report.	
20	SECTION 51. IC 27-4-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 2. (a) It is a Class A	
22	infraction for an insurer to transact insurance business in this state, as	U
23	set forth in subsection (b), without a certificate of authority from the	
24	commissioner. However, this section does not apply to the following:	_
25	(1) The lawful transaction of surplus lines insurance.	
26	(2) The lawful transaction of reinsurance by insurers.	
27	(3) Transactions in this state involving a policy lawfully solicited,	
28	written, and delivered outside of this state covering only subjects	Y
29	of insurance not resident, located, or expressly to be performed in	
30	this state at the time of issuance, and which transactions are	
31	subsequent to the issuance of such policy.	
32	(4) Attorneys acting in the ordinary relation of attorney and client	
33	in the adjustment of claims or losses.	
34	(5) Transactions in this state involving group life and group	
35	sickness and accident or blanket sickness and accident insurance	
36	or group annuities where the master policy of such groups was	
37	lawfully issued and delivered in and pursuant to the laws of a	
38	state in which the insurer was authorized to do an insurance	
39	business, to a group organized for purposes other than the	
40	procurement of insurance, and where the policyholder is	
41	domiciled or otherwise has a bona fide situs.	
42	(6) Transactions in this state relative to a policy issued or to be	



1	issued outside this state involving insurance on vessels, craft or	
2	hulls, cargos, marine builder's risk, marine protection and	
3	indemnity or other risk, including strikes and war risks commonly	
4	insured under ocean or wet marine forms of policy.	
5	(7) Transactions in this state involving life insurance, health	
6	insurance, or annuities provided to religious or charitable	
7	institutions organized and operated without profit to any private	
8	shareholder or individual for the benefit of such institutions and	
9	individuals engaged in the service of such institutions.	_
10	(8) Transactions in this state involving contracts of insurance not	
11	readily obtainable in the ordinary insurance market and issued to	
12	one (1) or more industrial insureds. For purposes of this section,	
13	an "industrial insured" means an insured:	
14	(A) who procures the insurance of any risk or risks by use of	
15	the services of a full-time employee acting as an insurance	
16	manager or buyer or the services of a regularly retained and	
17	continuously qualified insurance consultant;	
18	(B) whose aggregate annual premium for insurance on all risks	
19	totals at least twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); and	
20	(C) who has at least twenty-five (25) full-time employees;	
21	(D) who, on or before February 1 (for the preceding six (6)	
22	month period ending December 31) and August 1 (for the	
23	preceding six (6) month period ending June 30) of each	
24	year, remits to the department an amount equal to two and	
25	one-half percent (2.5%) of all gross premiums upon all	
26	policies and contracts procured by the insured under this	
27	section, plus:	
28	(i) ten percent (10%) of the amount due for the first	V
29	month after the date specified in this clause during which	
30	the amount described in this clause is not remitted in	
31	compliance with this clause; and	
32	(ii) an additional one percent (1%) of the amount due for	
33	each additional month during which the amount due	
34	under this clause is unpaid; and	
35	(E) who files with the department, with the amount	
36	remitted under clause (D), an affidavit specifying all	
37	transactions undertaken and policies and contracts	
38	procured during the preceding calendar year, including	
39	the following:	
40	(i) The description and location of the insured property	
41	or risk and the name of the insured.	
42	(ii) The gross premiums charged for the policy or	



1	contract.
2	(iii) The name and home office address of the insurer
3	that issues the policy or contract and the kind of
4	insurance effected.
5	(iv) A statement that the insured, after diligent effort,
6	was unable to procure from any insurer authorized to
7	transact the particular kind of insurance business in
8	Indiana the full amount of insurance coverage required
9	to protect the insured.
0	(9) Transactions in Indiana involving the rendering of any service
11	by any ambulance service provider and all fees, costs, and
12	membership payments charged for the service. To qualify under
13	this subdivision, the ambulance service provider:
4	(A) must have its ambulance service program approved by an
15	ordinance of the legislative body of the county or city in which
16	it operates; and
17	(B) may not offer any membership program that includes
18	benefits exceeding one (1) year in duration.
19	(b) Any of the following acts in this state effected by mail or
20	otherwise by or on behalf of an unauthorized insurer constitutes the
21	transaction of an insurance business in this state. The venue of an act
22	committed by mail is at the point where the matter transmitted by mail
23	is delivered and takes effect. Unless otherwise indicated, the term
24	"insurer" as used in this section includes all persons engaged as
25	principals in the business of insurance and also includes interinsurance
26	exchanges and mutual benefit societies.
27	(1) The making of or proposing to make, as an insurer, an
28	insurance contract.
29	(2) The making of or proposing to make, as guarantor or surety,
30	any contract of guaranty or suretyship as a vocation and not
31	merely incidental to any other legitimate business or activity of
32	the guarantor or surety.
33	(3) The taking or receiving of any application for insurance.
34	(4) The receiving or collection of any premium, commission,
35	membership fees, assessments, dues, or other consideration for
36	any insurance or any part thereof.
37	(5) The issuance or delivery of contracts of insurance to residents
38	of this state or to persons authorized to do business in this state.
39	(6) Acting as an agent for or otherwise representing or aiding on
10	behalf of another person or insurer in the solicitation, negotiation,
11	procurement, or effectuation of insurance or renewals thereof or

in the dissemination of information as to coverage or rates, or



forwarding of applications, or delivery of policies or contracts, or inspection of risks, a fixing of rates or investigation or adjustment of claims or losses or in the transaction of matters subsequent to effectuation of the contract and arising out of it, or representing or assisting a person or an insurer in the transaction of insurance with respect to subjects of insurance resident, located, or to be performed in this state. This subdivision does not prohibit full-time salaried employees of a corporate insured from acting in the capacity of an insurance manager or buyer in placing insurance in behalf of the employer.

(c)(1) The failure of an insurer transacting insurance business in this state to obtain a certificate of authority does not impair the validity of any act or contract of such insurer and does not prevent such insurer from defending any action at law or suit in equity in any court of this state, but no insurer transacting insurance business in this state without a certificate of authority may maintain an action in any court of this state to enforce any right, claim, or demand arising out of the transaction of such business until such insurer obtains a certificate of authority.

(2) In the event of failure of any such unauthorized insurer to pay any claim or loss within the provisions of such insurance contract, any person who assisted or in any manner aided directly or indirectly in the procurement of such insurance contract is liable to the insured for the full amount of the claim or loss in the manner provided by the insurance contract.

SECTION 52. IC 27-7-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3. (a) Any domestic corporation having:

(1) among its purposes the insuring against loss or damage on account of encumbrances upon or defects in the title to real estate; and

(2) a physical office in Indiana;

is hereby authorized to organize under IC 23-1, and any foreign corporation, having among its purposes the insuring against loss or damage on account of encumbrances upon or defects in the title to real estate, is hereby authorized to and may be admitted to do business in this state under IC 23-1. Any domestic or foreign corporation, organized or admitted to do business before or after June 7, 1937, as provided in this section, may engage in business as a title insurance company by complying with the provisions of this chapter.

(b) A domestic corporation admitted to do business as described in subsection (a) shall provide written notice to the department of



1	insurance and all policyholders of a change in location of the
2	domestic corporation's physical office in Indiana, including the
3	address and telephone number of the new location.
4	SECTION 53. IC 27-7-3-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
5	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
6	1, 2010]: Sec. 3.5. (a) A domestic corporation admitted to do
7	business as described in section 3 of this chapter is subject to the
8	following:
9	(1) IC 27-1-7-11.
10	(2) IC 27-1-6-21.
11	(3) IC 27-9.
12	(b) A foreign corporation admitted to do business as described
13	in section 3 of this chapter is subject to IC 27-1-17-9.
14	SECTION 54. IC 27-8-5-16.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.127-2006,
15	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 16.5. (a) As used in this section, "delivery state"
17	means any state other than Indiana in which a policy is delivered or
18	issued for delivery.
19	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), (d), or (e), a certificate may
20	not be issued to a resident of Indiana pursuant to a group policy that is
21	delivered or issued for delivery in a state other than Indiana.
22	(c) A certificate may be issued to a resident of Indiana pursuant to
23	a group policy not described in subsection (d) that is delivered or
24	issued for delivery in a state other than Indiana if:
25	(1) the delivery state has a law substantially similar to section 16
26	of this chapter;
27	(2) the delivery state has approved the group policy; and
28	(3) the policy or the certificate contains provisions that are:
29	(A) substantially similar to the provisions required by:
30	(i) section 19 of this chapter;
31	(ii) section 21 of this chapter; and
32	(iii) IC 27-8-5.6; and
33	(B) consistent with the requirements set forth in:
34	(i) section 24 of this chapter;
35	(ii) IC 27-8-6;
36	(iii) IC 27-8-14;
37	(iv) IC 27-8-23;
38	(v) 760 IAC 1-38.1; and
39	(vi) 760 IAC 1-39.
40	(d) A certificate may be issued to a resident of Indiana under an
41	association group policy, a discretionary group policy, or a trust group
12	policy that is delivered or issued for delivery in a state other than



1	Indiana if:	
2	(1) the delivery state has a law substantially similar to section 16	
3	of this chapter;	
4	(2) the delivery state has approved the group policy; and	
5	(3) the policy or the certificate contains provisions that are:	
6	(A) substantially similar to the provisions required by:	
7	(i) section 19 of this chapter or, if the policy or certificate is	
8	described in section 2.5(b)(2) of this chapter, section 2.5 of	
9	this chapter;	
10	(ii) section 19.2 19.3 of this chapter if the policy or	
11	certificate contains a waiver of coverage;	
12	(iii) section 21 of this chapter; and	
13	(iv) IC 27-8-5.6; and	
14	(B) consistent with the requirements set forth in:	
15	(i) section 15.6 of this chapter;	_
16	(ii) section 24 of this chapter;	
17	(iii) section 26 of this chapter;	U
18	(iv) IC 27-8-6;	
19	(v) IC 27-8-14;	
20	(vi) IC 27-8-14.1;	
21	(vii) IC 27-8-14.5;	
22	(viii) IC 27-8-14.7;	
23	(ix) IC 27-8-14.8;	
24	(x) IC 27-8-20;	
25	(xi) IC 27-8-23;	
26	(xii) IC 27-8-24.3;	
27	(xiii) IC 27-8-26;	M
28	(xiv) IC 27-8-28;	y
29	(xv) IC 27-8-29;	
30	(xvi) 760 IAC 1-38.1; and	
31	(xvii) 760 IAC 1-39.	
32	(e) A certificate may be issued to a resident of Indiana pursuant to	
33	a group policy that is delivered or issued for delivery in a state other	
34	than Indiana if the commissioner determines that the policy pursuant	
35	to which the certificate is issued meets the requirements set forth in	
36	section 17(a) of this chapter.	
37	(f) This section does not affect any other provision of Indiana law	
38	governing the terms or benefits of coverage provided to a resident of	
39	Indiana under any certificate or policy of insurance.	
40	SECTION 55. IC 27-8-5-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2007,	
41	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
42	IIII V 1 20101: Sec. 17 (a) A group accident and sickness insurance	



1	policy shall not be delivered or issued for delivery in Indiana to a group	
2	that is not described in section $16(1)(A)$, $16(2)(A)$, $16(3)(A)$, $16(4)(A)$,	
3	16(5)(A), 16(6)(A), 16(7), or 16(8) of this chapter unless:	
4	(1) the group applies to the commissioner for approval as a	
5	discretionary group;	
6	(2) the commissioner reviews the group according to the same	
7	standards as a group described in section 16 of this chapter;	
8	and	
9	(3) the commissioner finds that:	
10	(1) (A) the issuance of the policy is not contrary to the best	
11	interest of the public;	
12	(2) (B) the issuance of the policy would result in economies of	
13	acquisition or administration; and	
14	(3) (C) the benefits of the policy are reasonable in relation to	
15	the premiums charged.	
16	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an insurer may	
17	exclude or limit the coverage under a policy described in subsection (a)	
18	on any person as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not	
19	satisfactory to the insurer.	
20	SECTION 56. IC 27-8-8-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2006,	
21	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
22	JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 2. (a) The definitions in this section apply	
23	throughout this chapter.	
24	(b) "Account" means one (1) of the two (2) accounts created under	
25	section 3 of this chapter.	
26	(c) "Annuity contract", except as provided in section 2.3(e) of this	_
27	chapter, includes:	'
28	(1) a guaranteed investment contract;	
29	(2) a deposit administration contract;	
30	(3) a structured settlement annuity;	
31	(4) an annuity issued to or in connection with a government	
32	lottery; and	
33	(5) an immediate or a deferred annuity contract.	
34	(d) "Assessment base year" means, for an impaired insurer or	
35	insolvent insurer, the most recent calendar year for which required	
36	premium information is available preceding the calendar year during	
37	which the impaired insurer's or insolvent insurer's coverage date	
38	occurs.	
39	(e) "Association", except when the context otherwise requires,	
40	means the Indiana life and health insurance guaranty association	
41	created by section 3 of this chapter.	
42	(f) "Benefit plan" means a specific plan, fund, or program that is	



1	established or maintained by an employer or an employee organization,
2	or both, that:
3	(1) provides retirement income to employees; or
4	(2) results in a deferral of income by employees for a period
5	extending to or beyond the termination of employment.
6	(g) "Board" refers to the board of directors of the association
7	selected under IC 27-8-8-4.
8	(h) "Called", when used in the context of assessments, means that
9	notice has been issued by the association to member insurers requiring
0	the member insurers to pay, within a time frame set forth in the notice,
.1	an assessment that has been authorized by the board.
2	(i) "Commissioner" refers to the insurance commissioner appointed
3	under IC 27-1-1-2.
.4	(j) "Contractual obligation" means an enforceable obligation under
.5	a covered policy for which and to the extent that coverage is provided
6	under section 2.3 of this chapter.
7	(k) "Coverage date" means, with respect to a member insurer, the
. 8	date on which the earlier of the following occurs:
.9	(1) The member insurer becomes an insolvent insurer.
20	(2) The association determines that the association will provide
2.1	coverage under section 5(a) of this chapter with respect to the
22	member insurer.
23	(l) "Covered policy" means a:
24	(1) nongroup policy or contract;
2.5	(2) certificate under a group policy or contract; or
26	(3) part of a policy, contract, or certificate described in
27	subdivisions (1) and (2);
28	for which coverage is provided under section 2.3 of this chapter.
29	(m) "Extracontractual claims" includes claims that relate to bad faith
30	in the payment of claims, punitive or exemplary damages, or attorney's
31	fees and costs.
32	(n) "Funding agreement" has the meaning set forth in
33	IC 27-1-12.7-1.
54	(o) "Impaired insurer" means a member insurer that is:
55	(1) not an insolvent insurer; and
36	(2) placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a
57	court with jurisdiction.
8	(p) "Insolvent insurer" means a member insurer that is placed under
10	an order of liquidation with a finding of insolvency by a court with
∤0 □1	jurisdiction. (a) "Member insurer" means any person that holds a certificate of
∤1 ∤2	(q) "Member insurer" means any person that holds a certificate of authority to transact in Indiana any kind of insurance for which
14	aumorny to transact in indiana any kilid of insurance for which



1	coverage is provided under section 2.3 of this chapter. The term
2	includes an insurer whose certificate of authority to transact such
3	insurance in Indiana may have been suspended, revoked, not renewed,
4	or voluntarily withdrawn but does not include the following:
5	(1) A for-profit or nonprofit hospital or medical service
6	organization.
7	(2) A health maintenance organization under IC 27-13.
8	(3) A fraternal benefit society under IC 27-11.
9	(4) The Indiana Comprehensive Health Insurance Association or
10	any other mandatory state pooling plan or arrangement.
11	(5) An assessment company or another person that operates on an
12	assessment plan (as defined in IC 27-1-2-3(y)).
13	(6) An interinsurance or reciprocal exchange authorized by
14	IC 27-6-6.
15	(7) A prepaid limited service health maintenance organization or
16	a limited service health maintenance organization under
17	IC 27-13-34.
18	(8) A farm mutual insurance company under IC 27-5.1.
19	(9) A person operating as a Lloyds under IC 27-7-1.
20	(10) The political subdivision risk management fund established
21	by IC 27-1-29-10 and the political subdivision catastrophic
22	liability fund established by IC 27-1-29.1-7.
23	(11) The small employer health reinsurance board established by
24	IC 27-8-15.5-5.
25	(12) (11) A person similar to any person described in subdivisions
26	(1) through (11). (10).
27	(r) "Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average" means:
28	(1) the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned
29	corporate bonds as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;
30	or
31	(2) if the monthly average described in subdivision (1) is no
32	longer published, an alternative publication of interest rates or
33	yields determined appropriate by the association.
34	(s) "Multiple employer welfare arrangement" has the meaning set
35	forth in IC 27-1-34-1.
36	(t) "Owner" means the person:
37	(1) identified as the legal owner of a policy or contract according
38	to the terms of the policy or contract; or
39	(2) otherwise vested with legal title to a policy or contract through
40	a valid assignment completed in accordance with the terms of the
41	policy or contract and properly recorded as the owner on the
42	books of the insurer



1	The term does not include a person with a mere beneficial interest in
2	a policy or contract.
3	(u) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability
4	company, a partnership, an association, a governmental entity, a
5	voluntary organization, a trust, a trustee, or another business entity or
6	organization.
7	(v) "Plan sponsor" refers to only one (1) of the following with
8	respect to a benefit plan:
9	(1) The employer, in the case of a benefit plan established or
10	maintained by a single employer.
11	(2) The holding company or controlling affiliate, in the case of a
12	benefit plan established or maintained by affiliated companies
13	comprising a consolidated corporation.
14	(3) The employee organization, in the case of a benefit plan
15	established or maintained by an employee organization.
16	(4) In a case of a benefit plan established or maintained:
17	(A) by two (2) or more employers;
18	(B) by two (2) or more employee organizations; or
19	(C) jointly by one (1) or more employers and one (1) or more
20	employee organizations;
21	and that is not of a type described in subdivision (2), the
22	association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar
23	group of representatives of the parties that establish or maintain
24	the benefit plan.
25	(w) "Premiums" means amounts, deposits, and considerations
26	received on covered policies, less returned premiums, returned
27	deposits, returned considerations, dividends, and experience credits.
28	The term does not include the following:
29	(1) Amounts, deposits, and considerations received for policies or
30	contracts or parts of policies or contracts for which coverage is
31	not provided under section 2.3(d) of this chapter, as qualified by
32	section 2.3(e) of this chapter, except that an assessable premium
33	must not be reduced on account of the limitations set forth in
34	section 2.3(e)(3), 2.3(e)(15), or 2.3(f)(2) of this chapter.
35	(2) Premiums in excess of five million dollars (\$5,000,000) on an
36	unallocated annuity contract not issued or not connected with a
37	governmental benefit plan established under Section 401, 403(b),
38	or 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code.
39	(x) "Principal place of business" refers to the single state in which
40	individuals who establish policy for the direction, control, and
41	coordination of the operations of an entity as a whole primarily exercise
42	the direction, control, and coordination, as determined by the



association in the association's reasonable judgment by considering the following factors:

- (1) The state in which the primary executive and administrative headquarters of the entity is located.
- (2) The state in which the principal office of the chief executive officer of the entity is located.
- (3) The state in which the board of directors or similar governing person of the entity conducts the majority of the board of directors' or governing person's meetings.
- (4) The state in which the executive or management committee of the board of directors or similar governing person of the entity conducts the majority of the committee's meetings.
- (5) The state from which the management of the overall operations of the entity is directed.

However, in the case of a plan sponsor, if more than fifty percent (50%) of the participants in the plan sponsor's benefit plan are employed in a single state, that state is considered to be the principal place of business of the plan sponsor. The principal place of business of a plan sponsor of a benefit plan described in subsection (v)(4), if more than fifty percent (50%) of the participants in the plan sponsor's benefit plan are not employed in a single state, is considered to be the principal place of business of the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties that establish or maintain the benefit plan and, in the absence of a specific or clear designation of a principal place of business, is considered to be the principal place of business of the employer or employee organization that has the largest investment in the benefit plan in question on the coverage date.

- (y) "Receivership court" refers to the court in an insolvent insurer's or impaired insurer's state that has jurisdiction over the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of the insolvent insurer or impaired insurer.
- (z) "Resident" means a person that resides or has the person's principal place of business in Indiana on the applicable coverage date.
- (aa) "State" includes a state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and a United States possession, territory, or protectorate.
- (bb) "Structured settlement annuity" means an annuity purchased to fund periodic payments for a plaintiff or other claimant in payment for or with respect to personal injury suffered by the plaintiff or other claimant.
- (cc) "Supplemental contract" means a written agreement entered into for the distribution of proceeds under a life, health, or annuity



2.8









1	policy or contract.
2	(dd) "Unallocated annuity contract" means an annuity contract or
3	group annuity certificate:
4	(1) the owner of which is not a natural person; and
5	(2) that does not identify at least one (1) specific natural person
6	as an annuitant;
7	except to the extent of any annuity benefits guaranteed to a natural
8	person by an insurer under the contract or certificate. For purposes of
9	this chapter, an unallocated annuity contract shall not be considered a
10	group policy or group contract.
11	SECTION 57. IC 27-8-15-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies
13	to any individual or group health insurance plan that is issued for
14	delivery in Indiana to at least three (3) two (2) employees of a small
15	employer located in Indiana if one (1) of the following conditions is
16	met:
17	(1) Any part of the premium or benefits is paid by a small
18	employer or any covered individual is reimbursed, whether
19	through wage adjustments or otherwise, by a small employer for
20	any part of the premium not including the administrative expenses
21	of administering a payroll deduction plan where the employee
22	contributes one hundred percent (100%) of the premium without
23	reimbursement.
24	(2) The health benefit plan is treated by the employer or any of the
25	covered individuals as part of a plan or program for purposes of
26	Section 106 or 162 of the United States Internal Revenue Code.
27	SECTION 58. IC 27-8-15-8.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 8.5. (a) As used in this
29	chapter, "eligible employee" means an employee:
30	(1) who is employed to work at least thirty (30) hours each week;
31	The term includes:
32	(A) a sole proprietor; and
33	(B) a partner in a partnership;
34	if the sole proprietor or partner is included as an employee under
35	a health insurance plan of a small employer; and
36	(2) who meets an applicable waiting period required by a small
37	employer before gaining coverage under a health insurance
38	policy.
39	(b) The term includes:
40	(1) a sole proprietor;
41	(2) a partner in a partnership; and
42	(3) an owner of an S corporation;



1 2	regardless of whether the sole proprietor, partner, or owner is included as an employee for purposes of taxation of a small	
3	employer.	
4	(b) (c) The term does not include:	
5	(1) an employee who works on a temporary or substitute basis; or	
6	(2) a seasonal employee.	
7	SECTION 59. IC 27-8-15-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as	
9	provided in section 28 of this chapter, as used in this chapter, "health	
.0	insurance plan" or "plan" means any:	
1	(1) hospital or medical expense incurred policy or certificate;	
2	(2) hospital or medical service plan contract; or	
3	(3) health maintenance organization subscriber contract;	
4	provided to the employees of a small employer.	
5	(b) The term does not include the following:	
6	(1) Accident-only, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement,	
7	long term care, or disability income insurance.	
8	(2) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance.	
9	(3) Worker's compensation or similar insurance.	
20	(4) Automobile medical payment insurance.	
21	(5) A specified disease policy. issued as an individual policy.	
22	(6) A limited benefit health insurance policy issued as an	
23	individual policy.	
24	(7) (6) A short term insurance plan that:	
25	(A) may not be renewed; and	
26	(B) has a duration of not more than six (6) months.	
27	(8) (7) A policy that provides a stipulated daily, weekly, or	
28	monthly payment to an insured during hospital confinement,	V
29	without regard to the actual expense of the confinement.	
0	indemnity benefits not based on any expense incurred	
31	requirement, including a plan that provides coverage for:	
32	(A) hospital confinement, critical illness, or intensive care;	
3	or	
4	(B) gaps for deductibles or copayments.	
55	(8) A supplemental plan that always pays in addition to other	
56	coverage.	
37	(9) A student health plan.	
8	(10) An employer sponsored health benefit plan that is:	
19	(A) provided to individuals who are eligible for Medicare;	
10	and	
1	(B) not marketed as, or held out to be, a Medicare	
12	supplement policy.	



1 2	SECTION 60. IC 27-8-15-31 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 31. (a) If an eligible
3	employee who has been continuously covered under a health insurance
4	plan for at least ninety (90) days:
5	(1) loses coverage under the plan as the result of:
6	(A) termination of employment;
7	(B) reduction of hours;
8	(C) marriage dissolution; or
9	(D) attainment of any age specified in the plan; and
10	(2) is not eligible for continuation coverage under the federal
11	Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985;
12	and
13	(2) (3) requests a conversion policy from the small employer
14	insurer that insured the health insurance plan;
15	the individual is entitled to receive a conversion policy from the small
16	employer insurer.
17	(b) A request under subsection $\frac{(a)(2)}{(a)}$ must be made within thirty
18	(30) days after the individual loses coverage under the health insurance
19	plan.
20	(c) The premium for a conversion policy issued under this section
21	shall not exceed one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the rate that
22	would have been charged under the small employer health insurance
23	plan with respect to the individual if the individual had been covered
24	as an eligible employee under the plan during the same period. If the
25	health insurance plan under which the individual was covered is
26	canceled or is not renewed, the rates shall be based on the rate that
27	would have been charged with respect to the individual if the plan had
28	continued in force, as determined by the small employer insurer in
29	accordance with standard actuarial principles.
30	(d) A conversion policy issued under this section must be approved
31	by the insurance commissioner as described in IC 27-8-5-1. The
32	commissioner may not approve a conversion policy unless the policy
33	and its benefits are:
34	(1) comparable to those required under IC 27-13-1-4(a)(2)
35	through IC 27-13-1-4(a)(5);
36	(2) reasonable in relation to the premium charged; and
37	(3) in compliance with IC 27-8-6-1.
38	If the benefit limits of the conversion policy are not more than the
39	benefit limits of the small employer's health insurance plan, the small
40	employer insurer shall credit the individual with any waiting period,
41	deductible, or coinsurance credited to the individual under the small
42	employer's health insurance plan.



1	(e) This section expires on the effective date of a mechanism
2	enacted by the general assembly to offset the potential fiscal impact on
3	small employers and small employer insurers that results from the
4	establishment of a continuation policy under section 31.1 of this
5	chapter.
6	SECTION 61. IC 27-13-2-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 10. (a) A health maintenance
9	organization shall do the following:
0	(1) Maintain a physical office in Indiana.
1	(2) If the health maintenance organization changes the
2	location of the office maintained under subdivision (1),
.3	provide written notice to the department and all subscribers
4	at least thirty (30) days before the location is changed,
5	including the address and telephone number of the new
6	location.
7	(b) A domestic health maintenance organization operating
8	under this article is subject to the following:
9	(1) IC 27-1-7-11.
20	(2) IC 27-1-6-21.
2.1	SECTION 62. IC 27-13-34-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 12. A limited service
23	health maintenance organization operated under this chapter is subject
24	to the following:
2.5	(1) IC 27-1-36 concerning risk based capital, unless exempted by
26	the commissioner under IC 27-1-36-1.
27	(2) IC 27-13-2-10, concerning a change of office location.
28	(2) (3) IC 27-13-8, except for IC 27-13-8-2(a)(6) concerning
29	reports.
0	(3) (4) IC 27-13-9-3 concerning termination of providers.
51	(4) (5) IC 27-13-10-1 through IC 27-13-10-3 concerning
32	grievance procedures.
3	(5) (6) IC 27-13-11 concerning investments.
4	$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ (7) IC 27-13-15-1(a)(2) through IC 27-13-15-1(a)(3)
55	concerning gag clauses in contracts.
66	(7) (8) IC 27-13-21 concerning producers.
57	(8) (9) IC 27-13-29 concerning statutory construction and
8	relationship to other laws.
19	(9) (10) IC 27-13-30 concerning public records.
10	(10) (11) IC 27-13-31 concerning confidentiality of medical
1	information and limitation of liability.
12	(11) (12) IC 27-13-36-5 and IC 27-13-36-6 concerning referrals



1	to out of network providers and continuation of care.	
2	(12) (13) IC 27-13-40 concerning comparison sheets of services	
3	provided by the limited service health maintenance organization.	
4	SECTION 63. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
5	JULY 1, 2010] IC 27-1-3.5-3; IC 27-1-3.5-3.5; IC 27-1-25-7.5;	
6	IC 27-8-15-2; IC 27-8-15.5.	
7	SECTION 64. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010] (a) IC 27-8-15, as	
8	amended by this act, applies to a health insurance plan (as defined	
9	in IC 27-8-15-9) that is issued, entered into, delivered, amended, or	
10	renewed after June 30, 2010.	
11	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2015.	
		IJ

